Appendix G Evaluation Summaries for Individual Wetlands

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40101 Former #: 44 (in part) T_R_S: T1NR71WS12

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/26/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Along Four Mile Canyon Creek; about one mile section beginning upstream at northwest city boundary at Lee Hill Drive

and extending to dowstream end 200 yds east of Broadway.

Description: This northwest section of Four Mile Canyon Creek is located mostly west of Broadway on the edge of the foothills. It is

characterized by an open meadow setting (much of which is owned/managed by City open space). The creek descends over a relatively steep gradient for most of this section. The vegetation is generally sparser than in up and downstream sections and is characterized by a mostly open canopy with an absence of trees in many places and little understory. A groundwater discharge spring was observed draining into the creek from the south. pH in groundwater from the spring was 7.5 while the

ph of the nearby creek was 8.5.

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Seasonally floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):2

Major plant communities present
narrow leaf cottonwood - plains cottonwood
coyote willow - peach leaf willow% of wetland area
80% Vegetated:
801580
20% Water:5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 3 Both groundwater recharge or discharge may occur depending on water levels. Porous alluvium allows infiltration, Recharge but recharge potential limited somewhat by high groundwater & thin unconsolidated layer. Groundwater 3 Groundwater discharge spring observed draining into the creek from the southwest. Discharge Flood Storage / 3 b Floodflow Alteration 3 Shoreline Anchor. / h Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 No significant sediment accumulation. Minor retention in sparse cottonwoods. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** Some production in cottonwoods and shoreline grasses, but a lower production wetland relative to others 2 in ciry. (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 Natural variation in flows and summer dry periods make fish habitat unlikely. Aquatic insects possible in spring. **Diversity** Wildlife 3 Open space provides protection of surrounding area. Habitat **Active** 1 No instream active use С Recreation Passive Rec / 3 Open space park trails provide access for hiking enjoyment. Heritage Value

Comments:

Nice band of cottonwoods along creek, garlic mustard present, precipitation in foothills to the west supports extended seasonal flows in creek, wetland defined as bankfull channel. Functional values for wildlife and passive recreation increased since 1988 probably due to open space park protection and separation of this upper reach from lower more urbanized

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no

4

3

1

b

b

Wetland #: 40102

Former #: 44 (in part)

Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Losing stream conditions observed -- dry east of 19th Street and west of Riverside court. Both

T R S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/26/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Along 4 Mile Canyon Creek from Broadway east to Farmer's Ditch just east of 26th Street.

Groundwater

Food Chain Support

Food Chain Support

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

(within basin)

(export)

groundwater

Description: Narrow, mostly forested wetand along Four Mile Creek channel through residential areas. As the creek enters the urban setting there is a noted change in vegetation to a partially covered canopy with increased density of vegetation though still less understory than further downstream. Channel manipulations using check dams and rock along streambanks are more prevalent than upstream. The creek dries in places and no groundwater discharge springs were observed. Creek flows are intermittent and highly variable.

Primary Water Source: Wetland Origin: Natural Creek Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 10 % Bare ground: 89 plains cottonwood/Siberian elm/mixed 40 plains cottonwood-green ash-mixed herbaceous 60 % Water:

Recharge recharge or discharge may occur depending on water levels. Groundwater 3 No seepage directly observed. b Discharge Flood Storage / Overflow channels present in places but mostly channelized flow within steep banks. 3 b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 3 Fewer shrubs and presence of brome result in less stabilization than downstream section. b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Pockets of sand and minor silt deposits present but likely to be flushed out with large flows. b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 Some storage in trees but absence of significant sediment trapping. b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (short-term)

High velocity flow events carry leaf litter from tree canopy

Diversity Wildlife Deer present. Some open city land south of trailer park. 3 Habitat Active 1 b Recreation

Stream dries up in this section.

Passive Rec / 2 Mostly private property so limited access. Heritage Value

Comments: Channel downcutting severely in western end of wetland; garlic mustard (Alliaria peteolata), a highly invasive plant, is present; wetland defined as bankfull channel.

Wetland #: 40103 **Former #:** 46 **T_R_S:** T1NR70WS17

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/26/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Fourmile Canyon Creek from Farmers Ditch east to 30th Street

Description: This section of Fourmile Canyon Creek begins just east of Farmers Ditch where a drop in elevation appears to coincide with

the edge of an upland steppe-like feature. Farmers Ditch leakage was observed to provide supplemental water to the creek. Localized occurrences of downcutting and channelized flow are more significant compared to futher downstream, although

Salix exigua along streambanks provides excellent shoreline stabilization in places.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present
crack willow- plains cottonwoods% of wetland area% Vegetated:10100% Bare ground:89

% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no
Groundwater Recharge	3	b	Both groundwater recharge or discharge may occur depending on water levels.
Groundwater Minor Discharge aquifer.	3	b	USGS Hydrogeologic map indicates groundwater discharge in eastern portion of this stream section. seepage occurs in places near residences but from homeowner irrigation rather than the water table Overall contribution of water from groundwater compared to precip appears relatively low.
Flood Storage / most Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Limited storage capactiy in channel and floodplain but low opportunity given the low to dry creek conditions of the year.
Shoreline Anchor. / stream Stabilization	4	С	Salix exigua along streambanks provides excellent shoreline stabilization in places. But in localized places is downcutting where banks are dominated by grasses.
Sediment Trapping / packets of Retention	3	b	Sand deposits evident along stream bed but little evidence of fine silt material except where trapped in woody debris.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Some nutrients stored in cottonwoods and shrubs, but dry periods and low to moderate sediments limit opportunity.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	4	b	Tree canopy provides source of leaf litter but opportunity limited by only occassional flushing flows.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	Dry sections observed during site visit.
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	С	Bikers and pedestrians on bike path and nearby residential areas benefit from passive rec. value.

Comments: Narrow floodplain along Four Mile Creek. Garlic mustard present. Wildlife value decreased since 1980s probably due to Increased urbanization.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40104 Former #: 23 (in part) T_R_S: T1NR70WS17

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/25/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Four Mile Creek east of 30th St. and west of bike path

Description: This section encompasses wetland beyond the channel itself, and it is characterized by a broader flatter stream channel with

less distinct streambanks or benches.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.1

Major plant communities present
crack willow/ coyote willow/ reed canary grass% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
1
% Water:98
% Bare ground:
1
% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Urban runoff outfalls observed flowing from residential areas and dissappearing into unconsolidated stream bed. Recharge But not expected to significantly recharge aquifer, and USGS geohydrologic map shows creek as receiving groundwater discharge. Groundwater 3 b Discharge Flood Storage / 3 h Floodflow Alteration 3 Shoreline Anchor. / Flood debris along edges and presence of significant sand deposits indicate periodic high flows. b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 Large quantity of sand deposits present (though little fines. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 Some retention in flood deposits and in smaller trees. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 Dry section of creek at time of visit **Diversity** Wildlife 2 Connects to offsite habitat via channel but mostly surrounded by housing developments to north and south Habitat Active 1 b Recreation Passive Rec / 3 Bikers and pedestrians on bike path and nearby residential areas benefit from passive rec. value. Heritage Value

Comments: Relatively wide floodplain (100 ft) along creek, south of bike path

Wetland #: 40105

Former #: 23 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS17

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/25/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: West of 47th St. along Four Mile Creek west to bike path, north of soccer fields.

Description: Large wetland area includes a low elevation floodplain along Fourmile Canyon Creek combined with slope wetland

supported by groundwater seepage. Several functions have significantly improved since the initial evaluation in 1987 due to the removal of grazing pressures and the recovery of the vegetation. (Includes small 0.1 ac section of Four Mile creek located

at just east of the Diagonal Hwy.).

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities pres crack willow cattail Baltic rush nebraska sedge American three square FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE		NT	% of wetland area 80 10 6 2 2	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	98 0 2				
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low									
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Some recharge may occur when water table is low but not expected to be sign	nificant volume or d	uration.				
Groundwater seepage Discharge	3	С	Geohydrologic map shows likely area of discharge. Vegetation pattern indicate expected from south off of upland formation (associated with bedrock outcrop	•					
than									
			inflow. Water from soccer field watering and urban runoff at west end could be contributing sources.						
Flood Storage / probably	4	С	Downed trees block/slow flow in places. Flood storage function has improved since Cooper evaluation						
Floodflow Alteration			due to revegetation that has occurred since the removal of grazing pressures						
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Limited opportunity as high erosional flows appear to be limited.						
Sediment Trapping / increases	4	b	Evidence of sediment accumulation present along edges and overflow channel	els. Low water veloc	city				
Retention			opportunity for trapping.						
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	Wooded wetland along south edge of creek and sediment deposits provide lo	ng-term nutrient ret	ention				
Nutrient Retention	4	b	Short term storage in herbaceous and aquatic veg and in short-term fine sedi	ment deposits that	flush out				
in (short-term)			periodically.						
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Occassional high flushing flows possible but infrequent.						
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	С							
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b							
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	Tracks and deer bed. Song birds.						
Active Recreation	1	b							
Passive Rec / provides a lot	4	С	Evidence of many pedestrians and bikers on Four-mile greenway trail, and pro	oximity to soccer fie	lds				
Heritage Value			of access and passive recreational value.						

Comments: Floodplain of Four Mile Creek extends south of creek nearly to bike path; outstanding, large, diverse wetland

Wetland #: 40106

Former #: 29

T_R_S:

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/23/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: One block west of 47th Street, immediately north of St. Johns Ave. in Four Mile Creek subdivision

Description: Isolated small pond located in subdivision within Fourmile Canyon Creek watershed. Wetland was in pasture during previous

assessment, so functional values have shifted with landuse changes (w/ some improvements)

Wetland Origin:Urban/ industrialPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:temporarily floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):2

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:
open water	70	% Bare ground:
cattail	25	% Water:
common reed	4	
meadow foxtail	1	

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =	high, 3 =	medi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Although this wetland is in an area where depth to groundwater is greater than 10 ft., suggesting potential recharge, the low permeable underlying clays appear to restrict infiltration and create a perched effect. (Homeowner reported that water is supplied once per year from Farmers Ditch lateral.)
Groundwater Discharge	1	С	
Flood Storage / was not	2	b	High water mark shows some capacity to store reainwater but extent that stormwater is directed to pond
Floodflow Alteration			determined.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Little erosional force other than wind on pond, but trees and cattails provide some anchoring.
Sediment Trapping /	2	b	Pond would serve as effective trap, but input is expected to be low (based on lack of obvious storm drains
into Retention			pond).
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Trees, shrubs, sediments
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Cattails
Food Chain Support (export)	1	b	No outlet observed.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	Emergent and vegetated shorelines.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	а	Potentially eutrophic/low oxygen conditions from algae blooms.
Wildlife	3	b	Geese, ducks, redwing blackbirds, butterflies present. But, small isolated system and suspect water quality
may Habitat			limit.
Active Recreation	1	С	Active use is prohibited by HOA
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	С	Prior assessment probably completed prior to development, hence difference in passive rec. ranking.

Comments: Quite a nice wetland in a new subdivision, pond apparently vey shallow; surrounded by cattails, giant reed

Wetland #: 40201

Former #: 13

T_R_S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/10/2004

Obs. Method: Viewed from property boundary

General Location: Along Wonderland Creek east of Broadway and west of 15th Street

Description: This is a narrow strip (1-2 ft wide) along Wonderland Creek as it flows through a greenbelt located in the back yards of a

residential neighborhood.

Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff Wetland Origin: Natural

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 95 % Bare ground: 0 reed canary grass 60 % Water: 40 coyote willow / reed canary grass 5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS			
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig Groundwater Recharge	j h, 3 = i 2	medi u b	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater supports Discharge	3	b	Geohydrology map indicates potential for groundwater discharge to creek, but extent that local seepage the creek as compared to surface water runoff unknown.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Narrow channel with surface water flows controlled by Wonderland Lake (so opportunity limited).
Shoreline Anchor. / Opportunity Stabilization	2	С	Absence of trees in places, downcutting occuring, some signs of streambank erosion observed. limited by influence of Wonderland Lake.
Sediment Trapping / Small Retention expected	2	b	Streambanks slope steeply to creek but all vegetated so relatively low opportunity for input from runoff. pockets of sediments intermixed with organic matter observed in places, and few if any flushing flows due to Wonderland Lake.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Some coyote willow and pockets of sediments provide some retention.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Generally low productivity although coyote willow and cottonwoods provide some leaf litter.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Low productivity system with only narrow band of vegetation and mowed to edges in places.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	Too small and manipulated by lake outfall, expected to dry periodically.
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Possibly small mammals, but absence of cover or diverse vegetation limit opportunity.
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	access limited to immediate homeowners

Comments: Mowed bluegrass lawn to within 5 feet of channel edge. Would benefit from improved management practices, such as reduced mowing and planting of native (and reduced pesticide and herbicides applications if used).

Wetland #: 40202

Former #: 13

T_R_S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 6/9/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Along Wonderland Creek east of 15th Street and west of 19th Street

Description: This wetland encompasses a combination of slope wetlands and a broader floodplain along Wonderland Creek. The

wetland extends through the back yards of a fairly low density residential area that provides wider buffers than commonly found on private property in an urban area. As a result of the overall size, landscape and plant diversity, and hydrologic regime, the wildlife and flood storage values are greater in this section than in the adjacent segments of the creek.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
reed canary grass% of wetland area% Vegetated:95Baltic rush
open water10% Water:5

FUNCTION AND VALUE AS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = h			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	
Groundwater poind Discharge groundwater	4	b	Seeps present in slope wetland portion. Resident reports area is always wet (had been dug out for a duck in past.) Geohydrologic maps confirm potential for discharge. (Extent to which volume of water from is greater than surface water inflows is uncertain.)
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Local depressions help to store stormwater runoff.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Downcutting evident and some sloughing, but other areas stabilized by shrubs. Limited opportunity due to upstream water control structures at Wonderland Lake.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	Minor sediment accumulation in pockets but opportunity limited by low inputs and vegetated slopes.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	No significant sedimentation or woody species present.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Grasses predominate along much of bank.
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Not a lot of overhanging vegetation and low flows in narrow channel provide only moderate opportunity for export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Mowing of portions of residential area has reduced productivity.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic school. Diversity	1	С	At outflow creek flows through grate into pipe beneath 19th then enters buried pipe beneath Waldorf
Wildlife in '94. Habitat	3	b	Deer present in slope wetland. S. Dougherty reported presence of racoon, small mammals and waterfowl

Comments:

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Active

1

3

b

b Local residents enjoy view and passive recreational value.

Unusual complex of slope and riparian wetlands within City, with sufficient buffer to maintain functional qualities. Increased paving with subdivisions can be expected to increase runoff, erosion of shoreline, and downcutting, as well as increasing sedimentand nutrient loads, and reduce habitat quality by fragmentation. Part of wetland along creek channel is subject to

Wetland #: 40203

Former #: 10

T_R_S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/17/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Immediately west of Crestview Elementary School north of Sumac Street on school grounds. West of playground at

base of slope

Description: Constructed pond and palustrine wetland supported primarily by groundwater.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industr	ial		Primary Water Source: Ground water	
Hydroperiod: Saturated			Max WaterDepth (ft): 1	
Major plant communities preservatail American three square reed canary grass coyote willow / reed canarygrass open water			% of wetland area 65 10 10 10 5	% Vegetated: 95 % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 5
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE				
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high	n, 3 = m	ediu		
Groundwater features Recharge	2	b	Although regional groundwater information indicates this is a potential groundwand the results of construction grading suggest otherwise.	/ater recharge area, local
Groundwater to	4	С	Seep along western edge and site observations indicate groundwater discharge	e. Grading activities appear
Discharge			have increased area intersecting water table and have enhanced natural slope	e wetland feature.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Minor storage of local stormwater runoff may occur.	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Minor slope stabilization may occur along vegetated slopes on west and north	edges.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	Minor trapping of sediments in surficial runoff may occur, but source appears li	mited.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Some retention in woody species and sediments, but limited input.	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	In cattails and herbaceous/grasses.	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Low flows limit export opportunity.	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	С		
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	Though no fish observed may be present if stocked, also habitat appears good	I for aquatic insects.
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Fairly small and isolated system in busy school area and not well connected to	offsite habitat
Active Recreation	2	b	School children may use for educational studies.	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	b	Although this is a farily small wetland, its location next to the school enhances recreational uses.	its accessibility and passive

Comments: Excellent example of constructed wetland; no fish observed

Wetland #: 40204

Former #: 14

T_R_S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/9/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Small pond; East of Centennial Middle School in commons area of residential subivision

Description: Small pond surrounded by manicured landscape and mowed bluegrass with limited functional value. Located in Wonderland

Creek drainage basin.

Primary Water Source: Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial Ditch Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 35 33 2 % Bare ground: cattail 0 % Water: American three square 65 open water 65

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low						
Groundwater Recharge	2	b				
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	No obvious inlet or outlet. Geohydrologic map suggests may intersect water table, but water level probably artificially maintained.			
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b				
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b	Little vegetation and little opportunity ffrom erosional forces			
Sediment Trapping / Retention	1	b	No source of significant sediments observed.			
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Some long-term retention in typha with input from landscaping (no flushing flows).			
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Some algae observed.			
Food Chain Support (export)	1	b				
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	С	Relatively low production but appears that all production stays in basin.			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	Aerated system, no fish observed.			
Wildlife Habitat	1	С				
Active Recreation	1	b				
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b				

Comments: Area mowed, irrigated bluegrass; pond has aerator; pipes leading out of pond suggest it may be used as an irrigation water

Wetland #: 40205

Former #: 45

T R S: T1NR70WS18

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/9/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Wonderland Creek drainage, west of 26th street and east of Centennial Middle School.

Description: This wetland represents a re-emergence of Wonderland Creek after it was diverted into pipes and ditches upstream (and no longer supported wetland functions) A combination of urban runoff, landscape irrigation water, and groundwater drain into a channel just south of a residential development to support the wetland and re-establish creek flow. Cattails in drainage swale transition into wooded palustrine area that provides moderate nutrient retention, production and habitat -- although limited to a relatively small area.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft):

M	ajor plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	97
Ca	ıttail	25	% Bare ground:	2
CI	ack willow / coyote willow / mixed graminoid	70	% Water:	1
re	ed canarvarass	5		

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on water levels. Groundwater Appears Recharge semi-permanently saturated so opportunity may be limited. Seeps suggest groundwater discharge at time of visit but nto moderate size area and could be short Groundwater 3 b flowpaths Discharge from infiltration of landscape water or ditch leakage. Flood Storage / 3 Broad flat area just west of 26th appears to provide storage for road runoff. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Drop in elevation but little downcutting or erosion evident. Lots of woody root mass, but little opportunity for Stabilization erosion. Sediment Trapping / 2 b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 Lots of wood production and some organic accumulation in soils but in relatviely small area. b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 Inflow of nutrients from landscaping and urban runoff, and retention in typha and sediments. b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 No fish but significant number of insects in limited standing water **Diversity** Wildlife 2 h Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 2 b Heritage Value

Comments: May be in former channel of Wonderland Creek

Wetland #: 40206

Former #: 13

T_R_S: T1NR70WS17 &

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/9/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: West of 28th Street and east of 26th street along Wonderland Creek Greenway Trail

Description: Concrete-sided channel section with vegetation in channel (possible presence and extent of concrete bottom in places

unknown).

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.2

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area
75% Bare ground:
095crack willow / cattail20% Water:5open water5

Ratings: $5 = \text{very high}, 4 = \text{h}$	-		
Groundwater whole Recharge	1	b	Concrete sided channel restricts communication with aquifer. (Uncertain if concrete bottom extends along section)
Groundwater Discharge	1	b	Concrete sided channel restricts communication with aquifer.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	С	No shoreline exposed (concrete sided)
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	Limited source from lightly vegetated slope. Periodically dredged to remove sediments.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Sediment trapping occurs but are removed by dredging.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Dense cattails fill channel.
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	No overhanging veg.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Possibly small mammals. Also red-winged blackbirds.
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	

Comments:

Wetland #: 40207

Former #: 14

Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/15/2004

General Location: Wonderland Creek east of 28th Street and north of Kalmia Ave. Bike path runs parallel to eastern side of wetland

Description: Short section (approx. 500 ft) of Wonderland Creek which emerges from submerged section (that flows behind apartment

buildings and benearth 28th). Receives stormwater drainage from 28th. Concrete and rock rip line streambanks in places to provide erosion control. Functions primarily to trap sediments and nutrients and provides passive recreational value.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.5

Major plant communities present% of wetland area% Vegetated:93plains cottonwood - Russian olive-crack willow / open water99% Bare ground:61% Water:1

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =	high, 3 =	medi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on water levels.
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on water levels.
Flood Storage /	2	b	Receives stormwater runoff from 28th Street and dense urban area. Sideslopes constructed of conrete and
Floodflow Alteration			for erosion control; lowers infiltration and therefore flood storage.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Cottonwoods, russian olive, and shrubs contribute to shoreline stabilization along banks not covered with concrete and rock.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	Evidence of deposits in pockets along channel and in small pool where sediments accumulate. Dense vegetation at southeast end also traps sediments.
Nutrient Retention input. (long-term)	3	b	Sediments and woody vegetation along banks provide retention. Runoff from urban irrigation provides
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Some retention in short-resident sediments that are flushed out in high flows, and in herbaceous veg.
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Overhanging branchees provide leaf litter and moderate flows provide export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Moderate productivity in small area but riprap edges lijmit extent of wetland vegetation.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	Too shallow and irregular flows. Upstream sections piped and channelized. Water quality suspect.
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Evidence of deer trail and bedding, but connection to offsite habitat limited to N.
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	Proximity to bike path offers access and passive rec. value.

Comments: Wetland defined as bankfull channel; channel armored and heavily manipulated.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40208 Former #: 30 (in part) T R S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/15/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: South of Kalmia St. and north of Diagonal Highway

Description: This wetland is a channelized creek through a dense urban area, receiving most of its water from urban runoff. The creek

corridor generally parallels a landform divide between an upland flat-topped terrace to the north and a transitional unit that

slopes toward lowlands to the south.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.3

Major plant communities present
green ash/Siberian elm/mixed graminoid% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
96
% Bare ground:
2
% Water:96
2
% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Geohydrologic map indicates potential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on the water Groundwater levels. Recharge Recharge appears likely based on depth to water table map which shows groundwater 5-10 ft below ground surface on average. Groundwater 2 Some minor local seepage possible during peak gorundwater levels but relative contribution probably low. Discharge Flood Storage / 3 Channel provides path for significant flood waters as evidenced by high water marks and debris deposits Floodflow Alteration sideslopes. Abundant woody vegetation slows water, but general lack of microtopography limits retention. Shoreline Anchor. / 3 Evidence of downcutting and streambank erosion occuring in areas, but generally lots of woody debris. b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 Pipe beneath the Diagonal highway is relatively small diameter and significantly fille in so outflow is partially Retention restircted. Nonetheless, most waters flow quickly through this wetland except for in minor areas dominagted by emergent vegetation. **Nutrient Retention** 3 b Low to moderate sediment deposits provide some retention. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 Mostly swift water over coarse sandy bottom. Some short-term retention in herbaceous veg. and b temporary (short-term) sediments. **Food Chain Support** 3 Moderately high production but semi-restricted outflows limit opportunity. b (export) 3 **Food Chain Support** b Moderately dense vegetation with tree and shrub layers, some cattails and herbaceous plants. (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 b Aquatic insects observed. **Diversity** Wildlife 2 b Deer beds and raccoon prints, red wing blackbird habitat in dense urban setting fragmented by roads. Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 2 Residential area enjoys and bike trail provides access.

Comments: Channel widens downstream of bridge; bankfull channel defines wetland boundaries

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40209

Former #: 30 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/15/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Wonderland Creek channel south of Diagonal Highway and north of Iris Ave., commercial area

Description: At the upstream end, water flowing from beneath the Diagonal exits a pipe and travels for shrot distances in ditch along 30th

Street before dissappearing into a pipe. No evidence of pipe discharge into channel was observed and instead it may be either piped into a subsurface drain e.g., beneath nearby buildings or is infiltrating into the ground; wetland drys out toward

southern end.

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Shoreline Anchor. /

Heritage Value

2

b

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 0

Major plant communities present
reed canarygrass% of wetland area
65% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
0100
% Bare ground:
% Water:coyote willow / reed canarygrass35% Water:0

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater Recharge outfall is Depth to water table map indicates the aquifer is about 5-10 ft below ground surface. So, potential for groundwater recharge exists. However, stormwater piping appears to intercept and redirect flows (unless hidden in vegetation),so channel may not receive water and therefore cannot recharge. Groundwater 2 a Channel is incised about 20 ft from surrounding area, so opportunity to intercept groundwater may exist in

Groundwater 2 a Channel is incised about 20 ft from surrounding area, so opportunity to intercept groundwater may exist in places

Discharge when water table very high, but no evidence of discharge observed.

Flood Storage / 2 b This is a fairly good size wide channel, N of Iris, but mowed grasses to edge and sparse tree and shrubs reduce
Floodflow Alteration effectiveness. Also, currently it appears that inflows are limited by upstream stormwater management.

Sediment Trapping / 2 b Broad channel has potential to trap sediments and nearby roads and unvegetated banks could provide sources.

Retention But absence of water inflows limits opportunity for inputs.

Retention

But absence of water inflows limits opportunity for inputs.

Nutrient Retention

2 b Little input limits opportunity, and sparse vegetation reduces effectiveness.

(long-term)

Nutrient Retention 2 b (short-term)

Food Chain Support 2 b Low productivity and low opportunity.

Food Chain Support 2 b

Food Chain Support (within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity

1 c

Wildlife 2 b

Habitat

Active 1 c
Recreation

Passive Rec / 2 b May provide visual benefit to workers in nearby office building and to closest residences.

Comments: Mostly dry and low productivity and functional values most likely due to interception or redirection of water away from channel.

Major plant communities present

Wetland #: 40210

Former #: 30 (in part) Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS20

% Vegetated:

% Bare ground:

99

0

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/15/2004

General Location: South of Iris Ave. and west of railroad tracks on west side of Foothills Parkway, and wet of Boulder Whiterock Ditch.

cattail

Description: Manipulated channel located in residential area along what appears to be former flowpath of Wonderland Creek. This wetland carries urban stormwater and irrigation runoff. The channel flows through a wooded straight and narrow section along Iris, south of which it begins to broaden into cattail marshes, before discharging into Boulder Whiterock ditch at the RR tracks west of Foothills Pkwy.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

% of wetland area

40

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

giant reed coyote willow / mixed herbaced urban forest	ous		25 10 5	% Water:	1
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low		
Groundwater recharge Recharge	2	b	Depth to groundwater map depicts groundwater at 5 to 10 ft below ground su exists.	rface so potential for	r
Groundwater Discharge	1	b			
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Broad flat channel with typha provides significant capacity and ability to slow	flows.	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Little evidence of erosion on banks, low opportunity given generally low flows	and flat grade.	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	Source of sediments in urban runoff and abundant vegetation (cattails) effection	ively trap sediments.	
Nutrient Retention provides (long-term)	3	b	Cottonwoods along banks and cattails provide retention. Urban runoff (participut.	ularly landscape irrig	gation)
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b			
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Infrequent flushing flows limit opportunity.		

Habitat

3

2

3

b

b

Food Chain Support

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

(within basin)

Diversity

Wildlife

Active 1 С Recreation

Passive Rec / 3 Passive recreational use by residences along trails **Heritage Value**

Comments: Appears to be a new wetland (previously unmapped); reed canary grass and cattail in central portion of wetland plus shallow - water cattail marsh on eastern end.

No fish but shallow pools of duckweed in between cattails contain aquatic insects.

Wetland #: 40211

Former #: 42 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS21

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/15/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Wonderland Creek east of 47th street to just east of Kings Ridge road. along Wonderland Creek Greenway Trail

Description: This wetland consists of a channel and pond, probably constructed when the Kings Ridge subdivision was built in late

1980's, and has relatively high functional values. In this section of Wonderland Creek, the channel has been directed southward across a transitional landform unit (between upland and bottomland features) where the depth to water is mapped at greater than 10 ft below ground surface. Hence, this system is located in a groundwater recharge area, and because it is supported primarily by surface water it would be expected to dry out in the absence of precipitation (or supplemental ditch

water).

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Urban / industrial runoff Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:**

Max WaterDepth (ft): Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded 1.5

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded			Max WaterDepth (ft): 1.5	
Major plant communities present			% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 85
cattail			35	% Bare ground: 0
coyote willow			20	% Water : 15
plains cottonwood-peach leaf crack willow / mixed herbaceo		ote	15 15	
open water	us		15	
FUNCTION AND VALUE AS	SESSMEN	<u>T</u>	10	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = h	igh, 3 = m	ediun	n, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = mediu	m, a = low
Groundwater supported	4		Water table map indicates that the depth to water is greater than 1	•
Recharge the			system in a groundwater recharge area. At the time of the site visit	i, water was observed dissappearing into
		S	streambed east of pond, and much of channel was dry.	
Groundwater Discharge	1	с [Depth to the water table is greater than 10 ft below ground surface	and the creek channel.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration waters is	4		This wetland encompasses a large cattail stand (about.25-mile lon significant flood waters. However source of water is unclear so the	
		ι	uncertain.	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b (Opportunity may be limited by flat grade and infrequency of high v	elocity flows.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b (Opportunity may be limited depending on source of water.	
Nutrient Retention present	4	b 7	Trees, shrubs, and sediment deposits in pond all provide good lon	g-term retention. Source of nutrients
(long-term)		f	rom urban runoff.	
Nutrient Retention could be	4	b A	Abundant cattails provide good short-term retention. (Difference be	etween current and previous ranking
(short-term)		C	due to different wetland boundaries used, as it appears MDG focu	sed on pond. itself)
Food Chain Support Ridge	2	b E	Export opportunities limited by infrequent high volume flow. The way	etland dissappears in the east of King
(export)		a	and doesn't reappear until just north of Valmont in an area support	led by ditch leakage.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b		
Fish Habitat / Aquatic may limit	3	c F	Fish present in pond. Uncertain as to water variability and extent to	o which low water levels water quality
Diversity		p	production and diversity at times.	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b 5	Snake, blackbirds, deer.	
Active	2	a N	No direct evidence of use (such as a dock or fishing area were obs	served. But uncertain extent to which
pond		_	nov ha yand by land racidenta a gu far fishing	

Heritage Value

Comments: After Wonderland Creek discharges to the Boulder Whiterock Ditch on the west side of Foothills Parkway, some portion of the

Large size wetland with good access along Greenway trail and close proximity to residents and parks.

may be used by local residents e.g., for fishing.

water appears to split off under the parkway and emerges through a large concrete vault into the upper end of this wetland via a constructed creek channel that flows into the subdivision pond and then eastward to north of Valmont Street.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40212 Former #: 42 (in part)

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/17/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Wonderland Creek south of Valmont Street in Valmont City Park and north of Pearl Street

Description: This wetland begins just north of Valmont Road at the base of a hill where the land descends more than 10 ft . The channel

flows southeastward across the bottomlands associated with Boulder Creek terminating at the intersection with Goose Creek (north channel). The source of the water in the channel appears to be a combination of leakage from Boulder and Left

T_R_S: T1NR70WS28

Hand Ditch and urban runoff.

Wetland Origin:Urban/ industrialPrimary Water Source:DitchHydroperiod:Intermittently floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):2

Major plant communities present
peach leaf willow/mixed herbaceous% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
590
% Bare ground:
% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high	gh, 3 =	medi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Though no	3	b	Depth to groundwater is mapped at 5 to 10 ft below ground surface, so potential for recharge exists.
Recharge loss).			observation of losing conditions until lower end of channel (which could also be due to low flows and ET
Groundwater Creek. Discharge	1	b	Ground water is not mapped as being within 5 ft of water table until down near intersection with Goose
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Limited opportunity in absence of significant inflows, but as natural recharge area it could have potential to increase effectiveness if additional stormwaters were directed here.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Limited opportunity.
Sediment Trapping / limited	3	b	Wetland terminates in broad flat area capable of effectively trapping sediments. Opportunity is somewhat
Retention			by low sediment sources.
Nutrient Retention improved. (long-term)	2	b	Long-term nutrient retention could improve as trees mature, but current vegetation patterns could be
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Cattails provide some short-term storage.
Food Chain Support (export)	1	b	No outlet observed
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	Tadpoles observed in small pools.
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / corridor	3	b	Park access provides passive recreational value, but influence of narrow wetland vegetation and stream
Heritage Value			is minimized by large upland areas.

Comments: Channel recently reconstructed and planted with wetland species, surrounding areas would benefit from increased diversity in upland areas. Also would benefit if additional water (e.g. from Valmont runoff) could be directed into the system.

Wetland #: 40213

Former #: 57

T_R_S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/17/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Sale Lake; north of Kalmia Ave. and east of Island Drive

Description: Two connected ponds; Sale Lake (larger pond) appears to have minimal wetland value, it has a tiny fringe of wetland

vegetation around its margin and no rooted / emergent vegetation

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Ditch Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present 5 % of wetland area % Vegetated: % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 95 95 2 open water cattail 95 coyote willow 3

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low				
Groundwater	2	b	Groundwater mapped at about 10 ft below ground surface so potential to recharge exists, but underlying	
silt and Recharge			clay restrict infiltration	
Groundwater Discharge	1	b	Unknown depth of lake.	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Limited opportunity other than local runoff from relatively small residential development.	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Banks are lined with mature trees that are effective stabilizers, but erosional forces are limited to wind (and possibly occassional wave action?).	
Sediment Trapping / source. Retention	3	b	Relatively large lake with no significant outflow is effective sediment trap. Input somewhat limited by low	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	С	In crack willow and cottonwoods along with sediments.	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Only small amount of cattails.	
Food Chain Support (export)	1	b		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b		
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	4	b	Fish present, but diversity and abundance unknown. Grass carp metnioned by Mark Grisham in 5/92 memorandum, and sunfish and bass noted by Steve Dougherty. Water quality also unknown.	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	Deer bedding and tracks, songbirds present	
Active Recreation	2	b	Could be used for fishing and boating though no direct evidence observed.	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	С		

Comments:

Relatively large lake located on upland landform, supplied by ditch and local runoff, supports high ranked fish habitat and passive recreational value.

Wetland #: 40301

Former #: 15 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR71WS24

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/30/2004 Obs. Method: Viewed from property boundary General Location: Two Mile Creek, begins at City boundary north of Linden Ave. and runs east to Maxwell Resvoir (small pond)

immediately north of Linden Ave. and west of Wonderland Hill

Description: Narrow, cobbly stream channel in low density residential area near northwest edge of the City

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
siberian elm / coyote willow / smooth brome
plains cottonwood / mixed herbaceous% of wetland area
40% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
2060% Water:20

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Geohydrology map indicates potential for groundwater recharge. Water table is mapped at greater than 10 Recharge below ground surface. Groundwater 1 С Discharge Flood Storage / 2 Narrow downcut channel (in places) offers little storage or alteration. h Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 b Erosional forces occur and downcutting observed, ash and coyote willow provide some stabilization in sections. Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 b Small pockets of sediment deposits but relatively insignificant. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 h Some long-term retention in ash and cottonwoods, though inputs appear low (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b Some herbaceous understory (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 Some overhanging branches but not highly productive and low flows limit export opportunity. b (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic b None observed and limited by intermittent nature of system. Diversity Wildlife 2 b Habitat **Active** b Recreation Passive Rec / b **Heritage Value**

Comments: Above small pond, channel is downcut up to 5 feet, minimal active floodplain, rock gabions present in channel, vegetation weedy, wetland defined by bankfull channel

Wetland #: 40302

Former #: 15

T R S: T1NR71WS24

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/30/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Maxwell Reservior, immediately north of Linden Ave. only southern portion of pond under City jurisdiction

Description: Small pond with turbid water, serves as stormwater detention pond for Two Mile Creek flows.

Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 5

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: open water 100 % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 100

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Unconsolidated colluvium may allow infiltration in places and when water level overflows, but infiltration Groundwater may have Recharge been reduced when resevoir constructed. Groundwater 2 Groundwater contour map suggests potential to receive groundwater discharge flowing from northwest, though Discharge water in subsurface is limited by near surface bedrock. Lake is located slightly south of Pierre Shale outcrop where discharge along contact may occur. Flood Storage / 2 Low capacity as basin is farily small b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 h Banks are primarily grass. Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 4 Pond functrions as effective sediment trap as designed. Large deposits near inflow were observed, and h outflow is designed to prevent export of large sediments, though some fine suspended sediments may exit. Retention Uncertain extent to which high velocity flows could move sediments out of basin on occasion. **Nutrient Retention** 3 Nutrients retained in sediments (unknown if pond is periodically dredged). Sources of input uncertain. (long-term) 2 **Nutrient Retention** h Low short term due to low poductivity (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 Leaf litter from upstream moves through system (though some is blocked at outlet) (export) **Food Chain Support** 1 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 No fish observed but abundant aquatic insects and water levels are deep enough to support fish that may **Diversity** migrate from upstream. Wildlife 2 b Habitat Active 1 b Recreation

Comments: Area around pond has abundant noxious weeds; pond less than 0.5 acre in size

Bikers on nearby path may enjoy view.

2

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40303

Former #: 15 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR71WS24

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/30

Date of Visit: 6/30/2004 Obs. Method: Viewed from property boundary

General Location: Two Mile Banyon Creek southeast from Maxwell Resevoir (south of Linden Ave. and Wonderland Hill Ave.) to Broadway

(at Iris)

Description: Narrow intermittent channel, in northern section flows through residents backyards then along bike path north of school to

Broadway. Most of water appeared to be diverted (or infiltrated) between Kalmia and Juniper. Channel appeared to be piped under Broadway and daylights briefly along north side of Iris. (Appears to be piped along Iris and is shown on creek GIS

information as discharging to Farmers Ditch just west of 19th St.)

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
crack willow - green ash / mixed herbaceous% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
900508 Bare ground:49

% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater 3 b Unconsolidated bottom, thin, losing stream conditions observed. Mapped depth to water at 10-20 ft. bgs

favors **Recharge** recharge.

Groundwater 2 b **Discharge**

Flood Storage / 3 b Infiltration provides some subsurface storage Floodflow Alteration

Shoreline Anchor. / 3 b Fair amount of woody vegetation in places though less so in south end **Stabilization**

Sediment Trapping / 2 b Sources limited to local runoff with upstream retention pond removing some of foothills source. Retention

Nutrient Retention 2 b Trees and shrubs (long-term)

(short-term)

Food Chain Support 2 b Overhanging leaves (export)

2

b

Food Chain Support 2 b (within basin)

Nutrient Retention

Recreation

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 b intermittent flows
Diversity

Wildlife 3 b Though roads and houses fragment, proximity to foothills and low density housing make this a farily nice band of

Habitat riparian corridor through city.

Active 1 b

Passive Rec / 2 b Heritage Value

Comments: Wetland defined by bankfull channel; sediment detention pond immediately north of Linden Ave. at Wonderland Hill Ave.

Wetland #: 40304

Former #: 11

Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR71W24

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne **Date of Visit:** 6/30/2004

General Location: Maxwell Park pond north of Linden Park Drive

Description: Pond is located in natural depression in colluvium (slope with loose unconsoldated rock debris accumulation) and near edge

of Pierre shale outcrop. Water level is supported by Silver Lake Ditch inflow at northeast end. Local seepage off hillside also

contributes to water supply.

Wetland Origin: Agriculture **Primary Water Source:** Ditch

Hydroperiod: Vertical fluctuations Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present % Vegetated: % of wetland area Emory's sedge % Bare ground: 3 7 % Water: smartweed open water 90

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um 2 - low 1 - no Confidence in rating: c - high h - modium 2 - low
Groundwater Recharge	yn, 3 = 1	b	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Unconsolidated colluvium may allow infiltration in places, e.g., when water level overflows.
Groundwater	2	b	Resident reports some water present in past (though at very low level) even during drought years when no
ditch Discharge Lake is			inflow. GW contour map suggests potential to receive groundwater discharge flowing from northwest.
Lake is			located along edge of Pierre Shale formation; seepage occurs along contact.
Flood Storage /	2	b	Lake serves as local catchment for rainwater runoff from hill to north, but drains a relatively small area so
Floodflow Alteration			opportunity.
Shoreline Anchor. / relatively low	2	b	Green ash alsong shore provide stabilization from wind erosion, but opportunity for erosional forces
Stabilization			(could include minor streambank erosion from park visitors.)
Sediment Trapping /	2	b	Absence of outlet ensures effective sediment trapping, but input low from vegetated slopes (and possibly
Retention			amounts carried in ditch water.)
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Retention in sediments and trees but relatively low input.
Nutrient Retention	2	b	Some aquatic vegetation and smartwee on edge. No cattails as resident reported that cattails and bullrush
on (short-term)			edges dried during recent dry years.
Food Chain Support	1	b	No outlet observed and long-timre resident reported that only occassionally overflows across the path and
(export) ranking with			the hill on the south edge of the wetland. (Believe previous assessor may have a typo and reversed
isaming min			"in basin" support.)
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Fairly narrow wetland fringe.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	С	Good size pond. Fish observed (most likely carp.)
Wildlife	3	С	Large buck observed on nearby hillside. Loss of habitat and food when cattails and bullrush died may
have Habitat			contributed to reported departure of redwing blackbirds.
Active Recreation	2	а	No direct evidence but fishing and boating accessible by park visitors.
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	С	Trail and park encourage access and provides aesthetic value.

Comments: Shallow pond (about 1.5 acres) with turbid water; pond has large fish (probably carp)

Wetland #: 40305

Former #: 14 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS19

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/23/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Elmer's Two Mile Creek, north of Kalmia for about 200 feet to point where channel begins.

Description: Channel sides made of rock gabions. Bottom is concrete, wetland defined by bankfull channel

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0

Major plant communities present
channel concrete% of wetland area% Vegetated:10reed canary grass90% Bare ground:8710% Water:3

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater 1 c Concrete riprap channel

Recharge

Groundwater

Discharge

1 c

2

1

1

1

1

1

1

Flood Storage /

evidence

Appears to have been engineered to ensure stable sideslopes and transport stormwater runoff but no

of functional effectiveness.

Shoreline Anchor. /

Floodflow Alteration

Stabilization

1 c riprap

Sediment Trapping /

suburban Retention Minor trapping near outfall pipe but low opportunity as only runoff appears to be from small area of

mowed lawn.

Nutrient Retention

(long-term)

С

Nutrient Retention

(short-term)

c Dry

Food Chain Support

(export)

С

Food Chain Support (within basin)

С

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

Diversity

1 c

Wildlife

С

Habitat

Active

Recreation

С

Passive Rec /

1 c

Heritage Value

Comments: Completely hardened, channelized creek, very little wetland vegetation (small stand of cattails)

Comments:

Wetland #: 40306

Former #: 14 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS19

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/23/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Elmer's Two Mile Creek, south of Kalmia and west of 26th Street through park.

Description: Unlined channel through park, narrow strip of wetland along channel.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 2

Major plant communities present
crack willow/ mixed grammoid% of wetland area
65% Bare ground:
% Bare ground:
% Water:reed/ canarygrass25% Water:open water10

FUNCTION AND VALUE AS	PEROME	-NIT	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Urban runoff supplies water and dissappears in channel in places.
Groundwater from Discharge	1	b	Localized seepage evident but based on groundwater information this is probably just localized seepage lawn watering and rainwater infiltration
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	High water mark/ debris evident about 2 ft up on either side of the banks.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Crack willows and shrubs provide some anchoring, but typical low flows make opportunity only moderate.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	Pockets of sediments observed in places but absence of large accumulations or deep pools suggests most flushed through this section.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Moderate density trees and shrubs along banks provide some retention.
Nutrient Retention edges (short-term)	2	b	Only minor retention in short-term sediments and some herbaceous and grasses (but mowing close to reduces effectiveness)
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Doesn't appear to receive frequent high flushing flows so opportunity relatively low.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	possibly small mammals
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	b	Willows provide shade in park.

Wetland #: 40307

Former #: 14 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/23/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Elmer's Two Mile Creek, east of 26th Street and north of Iris Ave.

Description: Completely hardened channel through densely developed section of city

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1.5

Major plant communities present
none% of wetland area% Vegetated:0% Bare ground:99

% Water: 1

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater 1 c Concrete channel prohibits communication with subsurface. Would be expected to recharge aquifer if unlined as

Recharge groundwater depth is mapped as 5-10 ft below ground surface and channel is not incised.

Groundwater 1 c **Discharge**

Flood Storage / 2 a Floodflow Alteration

(long-term)

Passive Rec /

Nutrient Retention

Shoreline Anchor. / 1 c Concrete rip rap edges and bottom

С

1

Stabilization

Sediment Trapping / 2 a No accumulation of sediments observed other than small deposits beneath bridge. **Retention**

Nutrient Retention 1 c

(short-term)

Food Chain Support

1 c mowed lawn to edges of streambank limit production.

(export)

Food Chain Support 1 c
(within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 c

Diversity

Wildlife 1 c
Habitat

Active 1 c
Recreation

b

Heritage Value

Comments: Defined as bank full channel; no wetland vegetation present; (included as Elmer's Two Mile Creek channel)

Major plant communities present

Wetland #: 40308

Former #: 14 (in part) Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS20

% Vegetated:

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/23/2004

General Location: Elmer's Two Mile Creek, from south of Iris to soutehrn park boundary

Description: Restored creek channel through park. Receives stormwater and urban runoff from Iris. Meandering channel increases

functionality, good plant diversity.

Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff Wetland Origin: Natural

% of wetland area

Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities prese water cress bulrush coyote willow/ bulrush-cattail-wat open water	_	SS	<u>% of wetland area</u> 10 45 40 5	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: 0 % Water:
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um, 2 = low, 1 = no	ow
Groundwater channel Recharge leakage	2	b	Groundwater recharge possible. Water table is mapped at 5-10 ft bgs in the bottom allows some infiltration. Sumps in homeowners basements (to western creek.	
Groundwater Discharge	2	b		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b		
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Stormwater inflow from Iris at north end of creek.	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Sediments and coyote willow provide retention and runoff provides input.	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Cattails and emergent vegetation provide short-term retention.	
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Relatively high productivity and occassional flushing flows likey to provide	e moderate export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b		
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	No fish observed but water bugs and dragonflies abound.	
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Relartively good habitat for birds and small mammals with diverse food su connection to offsite habitat.	pply. Shelter limited and poor
Active Recreation	1	b	None observed other than woman collecting watercress.	
Passive Rec /	4	b	Park setting provides access. Close to residential areas.	

Comments:

Heritage Value

This is an excellent example of a restored stream channel and wetland, different from any wetland we visited in Boulder; . Water source from Iris may include some ditch water.

Wetland #: 40309

Former #: 14 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/23/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Elmer's Two Mile Creek, south of new park located south of Iris and east of Folsom Ave. and north of Valmont and

north of pipe thourgh which flow is routed into Boulder Whiterock Ditch

Description: mostly channelized, straightened section of Elmer's Two Mile Creek, confined over most of area by concrete wall to east

(along shopping center). South of Glenwood, small section of channel is unlined and flows through broad flat area and into

patch of reed canary grass, though volume of water appeared to be generally low.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 20
open water	55	% Bare ground: 10
crack willow / mixed herbaceous	25	% Water : 70
reed canary grass	20	

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater Water table shown at 5-10 ft bgs in general area. Unlined portion of this creek segment may lose water. Recharge Groundwater 2 Creek receives some seepage but appears to be associated with rainwater infiltration and shallow flowpaths. Discharge Flood Storage / 2 Flood storage is restricted by concrete berms and bottoms, but can transport flows into Boulder Whiterock Ditch. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 h Rock and concrete sidewalls limit effectiveness of sparse trees. Mowed bluegrass to bank edges in places. Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Minor amount of sedimentt trapping may occur just south of Glenwood where channel is unlined and flows b through broad flat area and into patch of reed canary grass, but low flows limit opportunity. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 Trees and shrubs (sparse) and sediments provide low retention. b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 Reed canary grass and herbaceous veg. provide short term retention. b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 Minor input from overhanging willows but low flows limit export. b (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b Productivity is low due to channel restrictions. (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 No fish or aquatic insects observed b **Diversity** Wildlife 1 b Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 2 Apartment building residents to west may receive some benefit but no evidence of visitors or passive rec. use.

Comments: Wetland defined by bank full channel for Elmer's Two Mile Creek.

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40310

Former #: 11

T R S: T1NR70WS19

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/23/2004 **Obs. Method:** Viewed from prop. Boundary

General Location: Private pond northwest of intersection of 23rd St. and Hawthorn Ave.

Description: Small constructed pond with an island. Source of water undetermined but geohyrologic references do not suggest

communication with aquifer or creek, so probably uses supplemental water supply (dtch or well?)

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Ground water

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 0 % Bare ground: 100 0 open water % Water: 100

probably constructed so impermeable bottom limits infiltration.

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Recharge

(export)

Passive Rec /

Shoreline Anchor. /

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater 2 Pond is located in an upland area where groundwater recharge is generally expected, however, pond was

Groundwater 1 Depth to groundwater mapped as greater than 10 feet below ground surface. Discharge

Low opportunity other than wind.

Flood Storage / 1 С Floodflow Alteration

1

Stabilization

Sediment Trapping / 2 Low opportunity but can't rule out since water source undetermined. Water appeared turbid which could indicate

Retention some surficial inflows (or disturbances by carp.)

b

2

b

Nutrient Retention 2 Any nutrients which enter via surface runoff will likely stay in pond in sediments or in woody species. b (long-term)

Nutrient Retention 2 b

(short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 No visible outflow

Food Chain Support 2 b (within basin)

2 Fish Habitat / Aquatic No observed but presence likely if stocked by homeowners. Appears to be algae evident in yr old aerial **Diversity** photograph suggesting poor oxygen and nutrient inputs.

Wildlife 2 Waterfowl а Habitat

Active 1 b Homeowner may use for fishing, Recreation

Heritage Value

Comments: Small pond (.15 acre) probably dug for stock or aesthetic purposes. (Included Elmer's Two Mile Creek drainage due to

Comments:

Wetland #: 40311

Former #: 40

Obs. Method: Onsite

T R S: T1NR70WS20

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/17/2004

General Location: Pond, south of Glenwood Dr. east of 28th St., west of 30th St., in apartment complex (Glenwood Gardens)

Description: Constructed pond in greenspace area between townhomes and apartments

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

Major plant communities present
open water% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
% Water:199

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater Pond is situated near topographic high and in area where water table is located about 10 ft bgs. Extent to which Recharge bottom allows some minor infiltration unknown but believed to be minimal if at all (based on possible plastic liner observed along edge and accumulation of natural sediments on bottom.) 1 Groundwater С Discharge Flood Storage / 2 b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 1 С Stabilization 2 Very low source other than rainwater runoff and pond bank erosion, as does not appear to receive runoff Sediment Trapping / from Retention buildings or paved parking areas. **Nutrient Retention** 1 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 1 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 Aerated and minnows present. **Diversity** Wildlife 1 b Habitat Active 1 b Recreation 2 Passive Rec / b Provides some passive recreational enjoyment for residents of development in garden greenspace setting, **Heritage Value** access limited to residents.

Wetland #: 40401 Former #: 15 (in part) Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/22/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Goose Creek east of 19th Street to end of crack willows about 200 feet west of Folsom Ave. along Goose Creek

Description: Goose Creek daylights through a pipe outlet at 19th Street. The stream corridor flows west to east following along the edge of

a Pierre Shale bedrock outcrop to the south. The creek is located in an area that is mapped as potentially receiving

T_R_S: T1NR70WS30

groundwater discharge (during high water periods).

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 50 % Bare ground: crack willow / mixed graminoid 25 75 25 % Water: open water 25

FUNCTION AND VALUE AS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = h			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Water table is mapped as 5-10 ft below surface and streambed is unconsolidated alluvium, so there is the potential to recharge. But thin unsaturated zone and bedrock outcrop to south limit effectiveness.
Groundwater volume of Discharge	2	b	Groundwater discharge may occur as indicated in available regional groundwater data; however the input compared to surface water inflow at the inlet is relatively low.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Woody and flood debris observed all along banks, minor storage in small pools.
Shoreline Anchor. /	4	а	Some evidence of high cut banks and sloughing, but abundance of well established tress provide relatively
high Stabilization			stabilization. Unsure extent to which observed small areas of erosion are stablized or still occuring.
Sediment Trapping / them Retention	2	b	Small pockets of sediment deposits but most appear to be short residence until flushing flows clear move out.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	Dense, mature trees and shrubs provide nutrient retention and opportunity is present from urban runoff.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Short term retention in some sediments
Food Chain Support (export)	4	b	Highly productive overhanging trees provide large leaf litter supply.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic	2	b	None observed an upstream of this creek section is piped. Probably to shallow and varying to support fish,
but Diversity			can't rule it out.
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	Deer, fox, raccoon signs. Locally significant but fragmented to west by urban landscape.
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	

Comments: Narrow channel that carries stormwater runoff mostly, some base flow from tributary west of Unity Church

Wetland #: 40402

Former #: 15 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS29

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/22/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Goose Creek, upstream end 200 ft west of Folsom Ave (where crack willows end and improved channel begins) and

runs east to 30th Street

Description: In this wetland, the Goose Creek channel broadens and flows through a restoration area. The upstream end of this wetland

flows along the northeast edge of the shale outcrop briefly before continuing eastward across a transitional sloping landform. The restoration has enhanced the functional value of this wetland particularly for sediment and nutrient retention as well as

stormwater management.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 60
open water	35	% Bare ground: 5
cattail	55	% Water : 35
bulrush- cattail	10	

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no	Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
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Groundwater 2 b Depth to groundwater map suggests that water table is 5 to 10 ft below ground surface and therefore groundwater recharge may occur in places.

Groundwater 2 b Regional groundwater contour map indicates slight potential for groundwater discharge when water table is high. **Discharge**

Flood Storage / 3 b Channel broadens out and includes small basins or pools. **Floodflow Alteration**

Shoreline Anchor. / 3 b In channel and streambank vegetation, rocks **Stabilization**

Sediment Trapping / 4 b Accumulation in basin, and trapping in cattails.

Retention

Nutrient Retention 3 b Retention in sediments and shrubs and trees (still young but will continue to increase in effectiveness) (long-term)

Nutrient Retention 4 b in cattails (short-term)

Food Chain Support 3 b Water flows slow and overhanging veg. not sig. decreaseing opportunity for export (export)

Food Chain Support 4 b Productivity expected to continue to increase as restored area matures. (within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 c Fish and aquatic insects observed. Unknown water quality and flow manipulations (unknown extent) limit effectiveness

Wildlife 3 b Birds, muskrat, raccoon, ducks.

Habitat

С

1

Active

Recreation

Passive Rec / 4 b Goose Creek Greenway trail parallels this section of creek and is well used.

Heritage Value

Comments: Goose Creek floodplain. Channel has been drastically modified and improved throughout. Much evidence of planting of wetland species, which are expanding in size and extent

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40403 Former #: 15 (in part) T_R_S: T1NR70WS29

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/22/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Goose Creek east of 30th St. and west of railroad tracks

Description: This short section of Goose Creek is a rock lined channel with concrete bottom passing through a commercial/industrial

area.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present
bulrush- mixed graminoid% of wetland area% Vegetated:15open water15% Bare ground:085% Water:85

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 1 Concrete bottom restricts infiltration Recharge Groundwater 1 b Discharge Flood Storage / 1 Can transport but not store or significantly alter flood waters. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 1 С Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Road runoff provides source and minor deposits observed but high velocity flows would be expected to move Retention sediments out. **Nutrient Retention** 1 С (long-term) 2 **Nutrient Retention** Only occuring in very small cattail stands along edges. b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 С **Diversity** Wildlife 1 h Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 2 Bike path users may benefit from quiet and alternative route to being on roads. Heritage Value

Comments: Channel of Goose Creek in this part is competely confined in a rock lined channel. Significant differences in rankings from previous evaluation suggest that at the time of Cooper's evaluation (87) the concrete channel may not have been constructed yet or was not as extensive.

Wetland #: 40404

Former #: 16 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS29

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/22/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Goose Creek east of railroad tracks and west of Foothills Parkway

Description: This portion of Goose Creek flows through a broad cattail marsh in a commercial/industrial area which was apparently

modified as part an urban drainage project.

Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff Wetland Origin: Natural

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 95 90 5 % Bare ground: 0 cattail % Water: reed canarygrass 5 openwater 5

FUNCTION AND VALUE A			
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =	: high, 3 = r	nedi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater bottom is	2	b	Depth to water table mapped as 5-10 ft below ground surface so potential for recharge exists and creek
Recharge			unconsolidated.
Groundwater Discharge	1	b	Unlikely based on groundwater countours and depth to aquifer.
Flood Storage / effectiveness. Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Relatively broad large cattail stand interspersed with occassional pools. Retaining side walls limit
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Stabilization achieved by retaining walls not wetland vegetation so decreased ranking.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	Fine silt deposits observed amidst cattails.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	Sediments provide long-term nutrient retention
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	Cattails provide good short-term retention.
Food Chain Support	2	b	No leaf litter and cattail debris not very mobile. Also, outlet is partially dammed to east so export is
somewhat (export)			restricted.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	Cattails dominate.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	Aquatic insects land small fish limited to small pool at east end.
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	No adjoining habitat.
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec /	2	b	Goose Creek Greenway path follows along this section and provides some benefits as alternative path
from Heritage Value			roads, but surroundings limit aesthetic benefits. (Trail not built at time of Cooper ranking)

Comments: Goose Creek floodplain; fairly broad, well vegetated

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40405 Former #: 16 (in part) T_R_S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/16/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Goose Creek north of Pearl Street, east of Foothills Parkway, and northwest of Pearl Parkway. (This is the north

channel with a bike path paralleling to the south.).

Description: At Foothills Parkway, Goose Creek is split and directed into a north and south channel that flow across the relatively flat

bottomlands associated with Boulder Creek. This northern channel of Goose Creek flows easterly and is joined by inflow from Wonderland Creek (from the north) before entering a constructed gravel channel and discharging into the wetland just west of Cottonwood Grove Lake. This section appears to flow across an area where the depth to groundwater is slightly deeper (5-10 ft below ground surface) than to the south, and surface water flows can infiltrate to recharge groundwater here. Potential to improve functionality of system (if evaluated and designed in conjunction with Wonderland Creek and Goose

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Temporarily flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
mixed grass prairie (upland plant community)% of wetland area
99% Vegetated:
9999meadow foxtail1% Water:1

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Wetland Evaluation	n		Wetland #: 40405 Former #: 16 (in part) T_R_S: T1NR70WS28
Groundwater Depth to	4	С	Unconsolidated channel observed to allow infiltration. Opportunity diminished by upstream diversions.
Recharge materials			water table is 5-10 ft here although just to south the water table is nearer to the surface. Subsurface
			may also be more permeable as result of historical activities (such as RR tracks ?)
Groundwater Discharge Creek southern	1 channel).	
Flood Storage /	4	b	When waters are high enough at west end, beneath Foothills Parkway, a portion of creek flow is diverted
Floodflow Alteration			this northern channel.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	Limited effectiveness because of absence of sig. vegetation, also limited opportunity given upstream urban drainage features that trap most of sediments.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	1	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Minimal vegetation, mostly found along west edge
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	
Wildlife Habitat	1	b	
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	Goose Creek Greenway trail follows alongside.

Comments:

Straight channel; Goose Creek "north". Recieves minimal base flow from Goose Creek (because most of flow routed south through "Stegasaurus" channel); upper 100 yards has trickle of base flow but rest of channel is dry except after storms; wetland Defined by bank full width. Could improve conditions by replanting/seeding with more diverse native species, Divert additional water from southern channel here to support wet meadow vegetation. Need to better understand soil conditions

Wetland #: 40406

Former #: 16 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/22/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Goose Creek (south channel), east of Foothills Parkway and west of the pond immediately south of Pearl Parkway

(wetland 42 Cooper)

Description: At Foothills Parkway, Goose Creek is split and directed into a north and south channel that flow across the relatively flat

bottomlands associated with Boulder Creek before entering wetland just west of Cottonwood Grove Lake. This southern channel of Goose Creek appears to flow across a localized area that has a naturally higher water table (than the north channel). Restoration efforts could potentially benefit from the natural gradient and improve hydrologic connection & overall

funtionality of this section (if done in conjunction with modifications to the north section of Goose Creek).

Wetland Origin: Natural	Primary Water Source:	Urban / industrial runoff
Hvdroperiod: Seasonally flooded	Max WaterDepth (ft):	2

nyuroperiou. Seasonally lioc	ueu		max waterbeptii (it). 2		
Major plant communities presopen water reed canarygrass - meadow fox meadow foxtail peach leaf willow coyote willow FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSI	tail	NT	% of wetland area 96 1 1 1 1 1	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	4 0 96
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low		
Groundwater Recharge	1	b	Concrete lined channel forms Goose Creek south		
Groundwater show	1	b	Groundwater references indicate high water table within 5 ft of ground surface	e in this area and co	ontours
Discharge			potential for creek to receive discharge if was not restricted by concrete.		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Terrace along channel offers overflow potential.		
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b			
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	а	Minor accumulation of sediments but large flushing flows would wash out.		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	а	Possibly very minor amounts in sediments that remain in channel.		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	а	Some algae in channel.		
Food Chain Support (export)	2	а	Very little production to export		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	а			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b			
Wildlife Habitat	1	b			
Active Recreation	1	С			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b			

Comments:

"Stegasaurus" wetland along Goose Creek; channel completely constrained by concrete and cemented rock channel bottom and sides. Suggest that City gain better understanding of difference in soils, disturbances, and hydrogeology along north and south Goose Creek channels before initiating improvement work in these areas in the future.

Wetland #: 40407

Former #: 42 (in part)

T R S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/17/2004 Obs. Method: On-site General Location: Pond immediately south of Pearl Parkway and northwest of Cottonwood Grove Lake

Description: Large cattail stand with some open water which receives inflows from both Goose Creek channels (from north which

includes Wonderland Creek inflows and from south).

Wetland Origin: Mining Primary Water Source: Creek

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 5

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	70
cattail	50	% Bare ground:	0
coyote willow	18	% Water:	30
wooly sedge	2		
open water	30		

FUNCTION	AND VA	HE ACCE	CCMENT
FUNG.HON	ANI) VAI	UE ASSE	SSIMENT

Nutrient Retention

Wildlife

Habitat

Recreation

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 1 In floodplain of Boulder Creek with high groundwater (less than 5 ft bgs), and contours indicate groundwater Recharge discharge likely. Groundwater 3 b Discharge Flood Storage / 4 b Stormwater drainage from two Goose Creek channels discharge into this pond. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 3 b Stabilization

Sediment Trapping / 4 b This is the eastern most edge of the mapped City wetlands and outflow is constricted. Uncertain extent of

source
Retention and upstream trapping

Nutrient Retention 4 b (long-term)

4

(short-term)

Food Chain Support 3 b outflow somewhat constricted

b

Food Chain Support 3 b outflow somewhat constricted (export)

Food Chain Support 4 c primarily cattail (within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 c Small fish observed Diversity

3

Active 2 b could provide fishing location, but not observed

С

Passive Rec / 4 b Large size and easy access, adjecent to lake to south. Heritage Value

Comments: Receives steady flows from south channel of Goose Creek (Stegasaurus channel), as well as stormwater runoff from north

Goose Creek channel

Wetland #: 40501

Former #: 15

Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

T_R_S: T1NR71WS25

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne **Date of Visit:** 6/30/2004 **General Location:** Sunshine Creek form city boundary south to Pearl Street.

Description: Small intermittent stream channel that flows from north to south along backyards of residences. Narrow flowpath is

controlled by geologic features -- bounded by colluvium to the west (Niobrara fock Formation) and terrace (Verdos alluvium) to

the east

Heritage Value

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
green-ash / choke cherry / mixed herbacous% of wetland area% Vegetated:1075
open water75% Bare ground:2586% Water:75

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Losing stream conditions observed. Thin to no shallow aguifer in immediate area, so effectiveness may be Groundwater 3 Recharge limited. Groundwater 2 Traverses rock features so no shallow aquifer to speak of , but local seeps possible. Discharge Flood Storage / 3 High water lines indicate increased flows at times. Stormwater drain inflow pipes observed. Unconsolidated Floodflow Alteration bottom allows infiltration. Shoreline Anchor. / 3 Some erosion evident in areas but mostly stabilized by trees and shrubs along banks. b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Large flushing flows prohibit accumulation other than small temporary pockets of sediments along banks. b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 Trees and shrubs but low opportunity b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 Some short residence time sediments h (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 Leaf litter, moderate opportunity to export given irregular strong flows. b (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 b Dries up in places, probably for significant periods. **Diversity** Wildlife 2 Too narrow of a corridor closely bounded by residences and fences to provide much significant habitat. h Habitat Active 1 b Recreation Passive Rec / 2 b

Comments: Wetland defined by bank full channel, stream dries up between Spruce and Pearl Street

Wetland #: 40502

Former #: 14

T_R_S: T1NR71WS36

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/2/2004 Obs. Method: Viewed from property boundary

General Location: Gregory Creek east of Mountain Parks and south of Boulder Creek

Description: Steep, rocky intermittent stream that flows northward along eastern edge of a Pierre shale bedrock formation, draining into

Boulder Creek. Characterized by generally narrow active channel with fairly steep gradient. Precipitation in foothills to the west supports seasonal flows in creek. (Includes tributary to Gregory Creek which flows in from the west along the north edge of

Smith Park, between Aurora and Euclid Streets.)

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Intermittently floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):1.5

Major plant communities present
narrow leaf cottonwood/ mixed herbacous
urban tree/ mixed herbacous% of wetland area
35% Bare ground:
5% Bare ground:
55open water5% Water:5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater recharge	1	b	Geohydrologic map indicates groundwater recharge or discharge are possible. Effectiveness of the
Recharge the			function is limited by impermeable bedrock near surface, narrow channel, and intermittentflows. Uncertain
			extent to which infiltration into fractures recharges water in deeper formations.
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Local discharge of rainwater infiltration into creek likely but the thin overburden limits opportunity.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Rough streambed slows flows somewhat and small pools in lower section offer minor storage benefits.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Fairly dense understory and tree cover along banks, though rocks are significant factor in erosion control.
Sediment Trapping / residence	2	b	High velocity flows likely to transport sediments through the system, though small pockets of short
Retention			sediments were observed in pockets along the bank and in pools.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Abundance of trees and understory
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support	3	b	Good supply of leaf litter from overhanging vegetation and good export flows. Grates and control structures
may (export)			trap some of larger material.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	deer observed and diversity of trees and understory offers food and shelter, but narrow buffer reduces effectiveness
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	

Comments: Gregory Creek runs though residential back yards starting at edge of Mountain Parks and flows north to Boulder Creek (access to the creek was generally limited to where it intersected with city streets)

Wetland #: 40503

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/14/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Boulder Creek from western boundary of city east to 30th street; Arapahoe road to Foothills Parkway

Description: Boulder Creek is the major stream flowing from west to east across the center of the city, and its perrenial water and large

watershed make it the centerpiece of the Boulder landscape, providing several high value ecologial functions. Mostly forested wetland with plains cottonwood abundant in upper reaches and crack willow dominant in lower reaches; heavy recreational use of entire wetland. The hydrologic functions vary with location and season but generally, the creek bottomlands are associated with groundwater discharge, particularly from the south where the creek flows along the edge of a Pierre shale

Former #: 8

T_R_S: multiple

formation between 9th and 28th, and also in the lowland areas near 55th St (in TINR70WS27).

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Creek Max WaterDepth (ft): Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded 3

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 20 plains cottonwood % Bare ground: 10 15 crack willow 85 % Water: 70

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = h			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater groundwater less Recharge	2	b	While local recharge may occur seasonally in certain locations, the hydrogeologic maps depict than 5 ft below ground surface, so the effectiveness of recharge would be limited.
Recliarge			than 5 it below ground surface, so the effectiveness of recharge would be limited.
Groundwater from the	3	С	Geohydrology map suggests groundwater discharge may occur when the water table is high, particularly
Discharge			south where the creek flows along the edge of a Pierre shale formation between 9th and 28th, and also in thebottomland areas in TINR70WS27 near 55th St.
Flood Storage /	4	b	The sheer scale of Boulder Creek and its location as the major drainage corridor through the center of the
Floodflow Alteration			give it an important functional value for altering flood flows by receiving inflows from numerous subbasins.
Shoreline Anchor. / shoreline	5	b	Local vegetation and substrate conditions may vary along this long stream corridor, but overall the
Stabilization			stabilization function is very high.
Sediment Trapping / deposition	3	b	Perrenial flows tend to move sediments through the system for deposit further downstream. Pockets of
Retention			along edges expected to be washed out in periods of high flows.
Nutrient Retention	4	b	Significant retention expected in trees and shrubs and some sedimentsm, and opportunity for input exists
from the (long-term)			large number of nonpoint sources throughout the watershed
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	No significant sediment accumulation or marsh type vegetation.
Food Chain Support (export)	5	b	Plentiful overhanging trees and perrenial flows for export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	4	b	
Wildlife Habitat	4	b	
Active Recreation	4	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	5	С	Heavy recreational use throughout. Heritage value is mostly from creek's large size and importance to the City'scharacter.

Comments: The wetland boundaries are defined by bankful width.

Wetland #: 40504

Former #: 11

Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS29

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/24/2004

General Location: Exposition Drive at intersection with 38th Ave. north of Arapahoe Ave

Description: Small constructed pond in office park located just northwest of where Boulder Creek intersects with Arapahoe.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Vertical fluctuations Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

 Major plant communities present cattail
 % of wetland area
 % Vegetated:
 20

 open water
 80
 % Water:
 80

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Pond bottom substrate undetermined. If unlined and not silted in, could allow some infiritration. MDG's Groundwater evaluation Recharge indicates no interaction with underlying groundwater, but uncertain of basis for this determination.) Groundwater 2 High water table (<5 ft) associated with Boulder Creek could potentially discharge (e.g., along northwest edge) Discharge on occasions when water table is high. See above note re 95 evaluation. Flood Storage / 3 h Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Cattails and shrubs provide minor stabilization but most of shore is mowed and minor bank erosion evident (from Stabilization rainfall runoff) Sediment Trapping / 2 b Receieves some sediments from runoff and no outfall observed, but relatively small drainage area. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 Relatively large source of input from geese droppings and absence of outflow means storage will occur in b bottom (long-term) deposits. **Nutrient Retention** 2 Some short term retention in cattails. (short-term) **Food Chain Support** No outfall observed. 1 (export) 2 **Food Chain Support** Cattail stand. b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 Aquatic insects and dragonflies present. Water quality is possible issue and no fish observed during visit. **Diversity** Wildlife 2 waterfowl Habitat Active 1 С Recreation

Comments: Manicured surroundings, dense Canada goose droppings around pond, area around wetland irrigated

2

b

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40505 Former #: 21 T R S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne **Date of Visit:** 8/14/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: East of Foothills Parkway, north of bike path that runs along north side of Boulder Creek; south of parking lot for office

buildings

Description: Palustrine wetland in floodplain, more or less linear features parallel Boulder Creek. Supported by stormwater runoff from

parking area that serves office complex to the north and high water table.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.5

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 98 cattail marsh 15 % Bare ground: wet meadow 85 % Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS	SESSME	:NT	
			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater the	2	b	Geohydrologic map indicates groundwater recharge or discharge are possible. Howeve,r effectiveness of
Recharge			recharge function is limited by high water table.
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Provides some storage for parking lot runoff before reaches Boulder Creek.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b	No opportunity
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	Parking lot runoff retained by dense Typha stand. Reduced opportunity for inflows though because of curb placements
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Some storage in sediments and woody species
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	cattails and grasses
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Limited opportunity through one small outflow channel.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	

Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С
Wildlife Habitat	2	b
Active Recreation	1	С

Passive Rec / Bike path and office views 2

Heritage Value

Comments: Wetland very weedy with many Russian olives and much Canada thistle; Ute ladies tresses orchid, a federally listed

threatened plant species, was formerly found in wetland near western end, but was not observed in 2004 mapping project. Table 8 in Cooper's report suggests high values for this wetland for several functions, none of which were observed to be present in the 2004 evaluation. Encroaching development appears to have decreased the functional value of this wetland

Wetland #: 40506

Former #: 11

Obs. Method: Onsite

T R S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/27/2004

General Location: West of Roche Pharmacutical (formerly Syntex Chemical)

Description: This palustrine wetland includes a small pond located in the bottomlands associated with Boulder Creek. The source of

water is a combination of urban/industrial runoff and high groundwater. Groundwater monitoring wells were installed around the wetland as part of hydrogeologic investigation at the former Syntex site to east, but detailed hydrogeology, extent of

contamination, and ecologic impacts not reviewed as part of 2004 mapping project.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 90
crack willow / mixed graminoid	75	% Bare ground: 5
cattail	15	% Water: 5
spike rush	5	
open water	5	

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = noGroundwater Minor infiltration of urban runoff may occur through the alluvium particularly during periods of low water table, but Recharge unsaturated thickness is very thin. Geohydrologic map indicates potential GW discharge area. No seeps observed but pond may intercept Groundwater 4 b Discharge groundwater. Water table is mapped within 5 ft of the surface. Confidence is decreased to "low" because extent to which water is supplied by GW vs. surface water runoff is unknown. Flood Storage / 4 С Wetland receives stormwater runoff from surrounding industrial area and is within the floodplain of Boulder Creek. Floodflow Alteration Is large enough size and configuration to store significant volume. Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Little opportunity due to water sources and absence of frequent or significant erosional forces. Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 4 С Retention **Nutrient Retention** 4 Woody species and sediments effectively retain sediments for long-term. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 Cattails provide some short-term nutrient storage. (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 Does not appear that water frequently flows out of wetland into Boulder Creek through outfall at north end (export) system so limited opportunity for export. **Food Chain Support** 4 Some uncertainty as to whether production is reduced due to stress from possible contamination (from former (within basin) Syntex site -- status not reviewed). Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 Unknown water quality given history of contamination to east **Diversity** Wildlife 3 h Habitat Active 1 b Recreation Passive Rec / Human Society visitors and employees enjoy walking on path around wetland.

Comments: Wetland becomes wetter north to south

Heritage Value

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40507 Former #: 11 T_R_S: T1NR70WS28

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/24/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Immediately west of Humane Society building on 55th Street

Description: Small pond in depression at base of hill just west of Humane Society. Soils data maps area beneath Humane Society as

gravel mine/dump so pond is probably located in former mined location.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Vertical fluctuations Max WaterDepth (ft): 5

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area% Vegetated:3bulrush-cattail2% Bare ground:0open water97% Water:97

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Minor infiltration of urban runoff may occur through the alluvium particularly during periods of low water Groundwater table, but Recharge thickness of unsaturated zone is very thin. 3 Groundwater Extent to which pond water is supported more by groundwater or surface water runoff is undetermined. b Discharge Flood Storage / 2 No outflow observed but limited opportunity given that pond appears to receive drainage from relatively b small Floodflow Alteration area. 2 Shoreline Anchor. / b Mature cottonwoods and understory to north and young cottonwoods and russian olive on west and east sides Stabilization help stabilize sloping banks (although erosional forces are limited to rainwater runoff). 3 Sediment Trapping / b Very turbid water observed after recent stormwater inflow and absence of outflow enables effective trapping. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 4 Long-term retention in sediments and mature trees, source from urban runoff. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 Several cattail and bullrush stands along edges provide short-term retention. b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 No outlet observed. (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 Wetland consists of mostly open water with only narrow fringe vegetation. (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 Small minnows observed Diversity Wildlife 2 No obvious signs of wildlife though expected to be attracted to open water. Water quality suspect based on Habitat turbidity and proximity to former Syntex site. No signs of fishing or dock. Active 1 Recreation Passive Rec / 2 Human Society visitors and employees enjoy picnic tables and walking dogs on path overlooking pond.

Comments: Small constructed pond; water very turbid and rusty brown colored; water level in pond appears to have been higher judging from presense of cottonwoods away from shoreline

Heritage Value

Investigator: H. Houston **Dates Visited:** 2/11/16; 2/12/16; 2/29/16; 4/6/16; 5/27/16; 6/1/16; 6/9/16.

Observation Method: Onsite field reconnaissance

General Location: Sunshine Creek from Pearl Street South to Box Culvert (~182 LF)

Description: Small intermittent stream channel that flows south from culvert at Pearl Street through 250 Pearl St. and 236 Pearl St. before entering another box culvert. The upper portion has a channel approximately 3 ½-5 ft wide; lower portion has been severely eroded by the 2013 floods and has steep, unstable and undercut banks. A small segment of a rock retaining wall is present on the east bank within 250 Pearl St.

Wetland Origin: Natural

Primary Water Source: Snowmelt runoff that flows seasonally from a watershed of approximately
1.87-square miles; also receives some urban

stormwater runoff.

Hydroperiod: Temporarily Flooded **Max Water Depth (ft):** 1

Major Plant Communities Present: % of Wetland Area: % Vegetated: 5

Boxelder/Plains Cottonwood with non-native 5 % herbaceous understory; chokecherry;

herbaceous understory; chokecherry; % Bare Ground unvegetated channel bottom 95% (channel bottom): 95

% Water

(seasonal flows): 95

FUNCTION AND VLAUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no

Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Seasonal flows in losing stream reach. Channel flows quickly with no ponded areas and there is limited opportunity to perform this function, but it has a cobbly sandy loam texture that would allow some infiltration.
Groundwater Discharge	1	С	No evidence of groundwater discharge along this reach.
Flood Storage/ Flood Flow Alteration	2	С	Topography does not allow for flood storage or flood flow alteration – only to the degree that water would back up at the box culvert during very high flow events (such as 2013 flood).
Shoreline Anchoring/ Stabilization	4	С	Upland riparian trees anchor the banks and reduce the potential for erosion. However there is a lack of rhizomatous graminoids along the banks of this seasonal stream.
Sediment Trapping/Retention	2	С	There is little opportunity for this largely unvegetated, seasonal stream to function in sediment trapping, and the topography does not support this function. Most sediment is conveyed through the reach and there are no overflow areas adjacent to the channel where sediments could settle out.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	С	The lack of a sediment trapping function limits the opportunity for nutrient retention in this wetland. Some nutrients are incorporated into woody tissue of trees and shrubs.

Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	С	The lack of a sediment trapping function and low vegetation cover limit the opportunity for nutrient retention in this wetland. Sediments are conveyed through the reach.
Food Chain Support (export)	2	С	Small amounts of nutrients are conveyed downstream during seasonal flows, but the productivity of the plant community is relatively low compared to other wetlands in Boulder. This reach is isolated by box culverts in an urban environment but the flow reaches Boulder Creek.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	С	Small amounts of nutrients are mostly conveyed downstream. This reach is isolated by box culverts in an urban setting and has low species diversity.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	Stream channel dries entirely for significant periods of time and does not provide habitat for fish.
Wildlife Habitat	2	С	Disturbed habitat in an urban setting; narrow corridor greatly limits the potential for this area to support wildlife.
Active Recreation	1	С	No opportunities along this small reach on private property.
Passive Recreation/ Heritage Value	1	С	Degraded reach has been used by transients for camping, contains trash and debris, and has sustained significant damage from the 2013 floods.

Comments: This ~182 LF reach of Sunshine Canyon Creek is defined by the bankfull channel and it does not support herbaceous wetlands. The surveyed area measures 607 square feet.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40510 Former #: T_R_S: T1NR71WS36

Investigator: David Steinmann Date of Visit: 2/4/2017 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Boulder Creek from the current western City limits upstream to a point 300' above the Anderson Ditch.

Description: Boulder Creek is a major creek that flows from west to east through the center of the City of Boulder, with a perennial flow and a riparian corridor vegetated with trees, shrubs, and herbs. Plains cottonwood trees and box elder trees are abundant. There is heavy recreational use along this section of Boulder Creek, and the creek also provides several high value ecological functions.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Creek Flow

Hydro-period: Seasonally flooded **Max Water Depth:** (ft): 4

Major Plant Communities Present:	% of Wetland Area	% Vegetated: 20
plains cottonwood, pine and box elder trees	100 %	% Bare ground:15
		% Water: 65

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater Recharge	3	b	Groundwater recharge occurs, especially during high flows, as the creek water infiltrates into the ground at the mouth of Boulder Canyon.
Groundwater Discharge	3	b	The creek is likely gaining water from the upstream geological rock formations, as this section of the creek is located where the foothills meet the plains.
Flood Storage/Alteration	3	c	Boulder Creek is channelized and does not store or hold much flood water.
Shoreline Anchoring	5	c	Trees and shrubs provide good shoreline stabilization along the creek banks.
Sediment Trapping/ Retention	3	b	Modest and temporary sediment trapping occurs during low flows, high flows move sediment through the system for deposition further downstream in lower gradient reaches of Boulder Creek. Areas of sediment are along the creek edges.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Short term nutrient retention is expected in pools and at the bases of trees and shrubs, plus nutrient input will come from the road along Boulder Canyon.
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Some long-term woody debris accumulation observed, yet there are no emergent wetlands or lush vegetation to regularly trap nutrients.
Food Chain Support (export)	5	b	There are abundant trees and shrubs that contribute to food chain support.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	Riparian plants and instream aquatic invertebrates create food chain support.
Fish Habitat/Aquatic Diversity	4	c	Numerous pools and riffles occur that provide fish habitat, cover is moderate.
Wildlife Habitat	4	b	Riparian trees, shrubs, grasses and flowers provide food and habitat for many bird and wildlife species, and Boulder Creek is a wildlife corridor.
Active Recreation	5	c	Recreational use is very high with fishing, tubing, picnicking, and kayaking.
Passive Recreation/ Heritage Value	5	c	The area is used for photography and observing wildlife, is located and the mouth of Boulder Canyon, and is nearby the historic Settler's Park.

Comments: Wetland boundaries along this section of Boulder Creek are defined by the ordinary high water mark.

Wetland #: 40601

Former #: 9 (in part)

T_R_S: T1SR70WS6

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit:

7/5/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Skunk Creek south of NIST property upstream and downstream of Hollyberry Lane

Description: Narrow creek flowing through steep ravine liined with dense shrubs and trees; wetland defined by bank full channel.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
hackberry / chokecherry / mixed herbaceous
box elder / chokecherry / mixed herbaceous% of wetland area
25
70
5% Bare ground:
70
% Water:70
5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT						
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig			ım, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low			
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Local infiltration may occur but limited by underlying materials.			
Groundwater Discharge	3	С	Geohydrologic map shows upper creek as gaining reach			
Flood Storage / in this Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Debris indicates high flows can occur in channel (though probably short duration). No significant storage section, but conduit for high flows.			
Shoreline Anchor. / provided by Stabilization	4	b	Steep side slopes in places but dense understory provides effective stabilization. Stabilization also rocks.			
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b				
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b				
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b				
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b				
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b				
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	Stream is shallow and ephemeral			
Wildlife Habitat	3	С	wetland itself is small area but connected to adjacent open space			
Active Recreation	2	а				
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b				

Comments: sulfur cinquefoil a noxious weed present in adjacent upland areas; excellent wildlife habitat

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40602 Former #: 9 (in part) T R S: T1SR70WS6

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/5/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Skunk Creek through Green Mountain Cemetery, north of NIST

Description: Rock sided chanel with an unconsolidated bottom for approximately one half of this reach through the cemetary. At the

southern end of this section, the creek passes under Anderson Ditch. Leakage from ditch contributes to channel flow as the creek flows north. To the north of the cemetary, the creek enters a concrete lined channel where all wetland functions are low

to nonexistant.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1

Major plant communities present
crack willow - green ash / mixed herbaceous% of wetland area% Vegetated:575% Bare ground:70% Water:25

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater Flow diminishes in cemetary but unclear extent this is do to recharge vs loss to ET or just low flows 2 Recharge Groundwater 2 Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater discharge when water table is high. Discharge Flood Storage / 2 b High flows move through this section but no significant storage Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 b Rock control structures provide stabilization, but vegetation not signficant and includes mowed grass to edges in Stabilization places. Sediment Trapping / 3 Source of sediments from dirt roads. Flatter grade and widening at lower end provides some deposit areas, Retention though flushing flows may resuspend. **Nutrient Retention** 3 Some long-term in crack willows and minor sediments (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b Some short resident sediments (short-term) **Food Chain Support** Overhanging leaves present but flushing flows are limited 3 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 Stream is shallow and ephemeral Diversity Wildlife 2 b Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 3 а Heritage Value

Comments: Wetland defined by bankfull channel; stream channel armored; completely non-native vegetation

Comments:

Wetland #: 40603

Former #: 9 (in part)

T_R_S: T1SR70WS6 & S5

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/5/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property General Location: Skunk Creek downstream of Green Mountain Cemetery to Moorhead Frontage Rd. just west of US Highway 36

Description: In this section of Skunk Creek, E of BaseMar, the channel receives stormwater from nearby commercial areas and roads

and begins to become downcut.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 2

Major plant communities present
plains cottonwood / green ash / smooth brome
urban forest% of wetland area
10% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:20
% Bare ground:90% Water:30

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low					
Groundwater Recharge	2	b			
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater discharge when water table is high.		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Channel is broader and woody debris piles across creek may help to slow flows.		
Shoreline Anchor. /	3	b	Increase in understory vegetation compared to upstream section, shallower sloping bankd and slower		
flows may Stabilization			reduce opportunity for erosional forces. Some downcutting at lower end E of Base Mar Mall.		
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	Silts and organic deposits in flat sections and with flood debis. Small pool with deposits to E of BaseMar.		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Moderate productivity		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Some bullrush at south end		
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b			
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	Stream is shallow and ephemeral		
Wildlife Habitat	2	b			
Active Recreation	1	b			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	Bike path provides access but dense urban/commercial setting diminishes value.		

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40604 Former #: 9 (in part) T R S: TINR70WS32

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/5/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Skunk Creek downstream of Baseline Road to Colorado Ave.

Description: This section of Skunk Creek carries more water than upstream sections as it gains input from urban runoff and CU irrigation

runoff. Increased flows and energy have created a wider downcut channel than upstream. North of Aurora there are more erosion control structures and berms as the channel narrows and downcutting is reduced. At Wellman Ditch, most of the creek water appears to be diverted into the ditch through a large headgate control structure, and the remaining water is piped

under the ditch.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present
crack willow / green ash / mixed herbaceous% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
20
% Water:10
70

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater Geohydrologic map indicates groundwater recharge or discharge are possible. 2 Recharge 2 Groundwater Depth to groundwater map shows water table is 5-10 ft below ground surface, but creek is beginning to descend Discharge from a terrace formation down to the bottomlands of Boulder Creek, and the water table is getting increasingly closer to the surface as the creek flows northward. Flood Storage / 2 h Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Mature willows helping to stabilize banks in places, but in other places such as S end of Arrowhead park С there is Stabilization severe erosion underway. Sediment Trapping / 3 b Dense vegetation and flat topography able to trap sediments, but upstream flow controls at ditch reduce opportunity for inputs. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b Philarus and herbaceous vegetation provide retention (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 Production is high but opportunity is lower because of upstream controls.. b (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 C Diversity Wildlife 2 small area fragmented to south and north Habitat

Comments: Channel downcut up to 9 feet vertically; floodplain very narrow

С

Accessible by bike path

1

3

Active

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Comments:

Wetland #: 40605

Former #: 9 (in part)

T R S: TINR70WS32

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/5/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Skunk Creek channel sfrom Wellman ditch and bikepath, to the northeast to Colorado Ave.

Description: This small wetland .(.25 acre) consists of dense shrub and herbaceous vegetation and itreceives the relatively low volume of

water that flows beneath Wellman Ditch and remains in the Skunk Creek channel .

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present
coyote willow / reed canarygrass% of wetland area% Vegetated:98coyote willow / green ash / mixed herbaceous20% Bare ground:180% Water:1

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Geohydrologic map indicates groundwater recharge or discharge are possible. Recharge Groundwater 3 Geohydrologic map shows upper creek as gaining reach Discharge Flood Storage / 2 b Debris indicates high flows can occur in channel (though probably short duration). No significant storage in this **Floodflow Alteration** section, but conduit for high flows. Shoreline Anchor. / Steep side slopes in places but dense understory provides effective stabilization. Stabilization also 4 provided by Stabilization rocks. Sediment Trapping / b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic Stream is shallow and ephemeral **Diversity** Wildlife 3 small area but may be locally important for birds and small mammals given dense development to south Habitat **Active** 2 а Recreation Passive Rec / b **Heritage Value**

Wetland #: 40606

Former #: 12

Urban / industrial runoff

T_R_S: TINR70WS32

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/8/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: North of Baseline Road and east of 28th street surrounded by busy, paved roads

Description: Small pond in median parcel surrounded by roads.

Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded

Max WaterDepth (ft): 5

Primary Water Source:

Major plant communities present

% of wetland area peach-leafed willow/mixed graminoid

% Vegetated: 5 % Bare ground: 0 % Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = I	nigh, 3 =	medi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater substrate	2	b	Depth to groundwater is mapped at 5-10 ft below ground surface so potential recharge area, however,
Recharge			unknown and may limit.
Groundwater Discharge	2	а	Unlikely, but could be local seepage iintersecting pond bottom during high water table periods.
Flood Storage / expected	2	b	Small pond, that does not appear to receive stormwater drainage. (no obvious outlet observed but
Floodflow Alteration			given volume of inflow)
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	
Wildlife Habitat	2	С	
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	1	С	

Comments: Inlet pipe (flowing at 0.5 cfs), no obvious outlet but one must exist to accomidate inflows, two pairs of red-wing blackbirds

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40607 Former #: 14 T_R_S:

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/14/2004 Obs. Method: From roads

General Location: Along Bluebell Canyon Creek.

Comments:

Description: Bluebell Creek is a small, sometimes ephemeral, creek flowing out of the foothills. It has a steep gradient, but low flows

(spring flows likely are a few cubic feet per second; at the time of evaluation discharge was less than 1 cubic feet per

second). This narrow riparian corridor winds among homes and roads.

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Seasonally floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):1.5

Major plant communities present
crack willow-green ash% of wetland area
5% Vegetated:55% Bare ground:5

% Water: 90

FUNCTION AND VALUE A	SSESSME	NT	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Becomes losing stream but extent that reaches aquifer uncertain.
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Discharge from hillside likely but larger volume of watre contributed by precipitation
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Colluvium allows some infiltration but primarilycarries waters andt no surface storage
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Shoreline anchoring (though probably more from rocks than veg.)
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	Many prints observed, but numerous fences and proximity to homes limiting
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	access restricted to adjacent residents

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne

Wetland #: 40608 Former #: 0 (in part) T_R_S: **Date of Visit:** 10/7/2004 Obs. Method: From roads and onsite

General Location: Along King's Gulch in southwest Boulder.

Description: King's Gulch contains a small, ephemeral creek flowing out of the foothills. It has a steep gradient, but low flows (spring

flows likely are a few cubic feet per second; at the time of evaluation there was no discharge. This narrow riparian corridor

winds among homes and roads. Much of the channel is vegetated.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Creek Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1.5

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 49 % Bare ground: open peach-leaf willow-green ash 30 1 plains cottonwood-green ash-boxelder 40 % Water: 50 Mixed graminoids 30

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT					
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig	h, 3 = n	nedi	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low		
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Infiltration likely but limited effectiveness		
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Local seepage possible but thin unconsolidated limits effectivenss		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	conduit only (w/ some infiltration) little surface storage		
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	rock wall enforcements in places		
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b			
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b			
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b			
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b			
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С			
Wildlife Habitat	3	b			
Active Recreation	1	С			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	limited access		

Comments: No photo.

Wetland #: 40701

Former #: 13

T_R_S: T1SR70WS7

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 6/4/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property General Location: In ravine east of Table Mesa Drive, in back yards of residences

Description: Unnamed drainage north of Bear Canyon Creek (and south of Skunk Creek) which flows through a narrow steep channel located between two hills formed by Pierre shale bedrock formations. The creek channel enters a storm drain pipe near Hartford Drive and is directed beneath a residential area and discharges into Bear Canyon Creek at Table Mesa Drive. Some of the wetland area is supported by seepage from the adjacent hillside.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Creek **Hydroperiod:** Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major p	ant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	94
crack wi	llow-green ash / mixed herbaceous	54	% Bare ground:	5
Baltic ru	sh - clustered field sedge	30	% Water:	1
Baltic ru	sh - wooly sedge	15		
open wa	ter	1		
FUNCTI	ON AND VALUE ASSESSMENT			
Ratings	: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium	, 2 = low, 1 = no Confid	dence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low	
Ground	water 2 b G	Seohydrologic map shows p	otential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on water le	evels.
Recharg	je			

Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Groundwater discharge likely to occur along interface between bedrock and alluvial deposits, but thin unconsolidated layer and discontinuous nature of groundwater minimizes opportunity.

Recharge	2	D	Georganologic map snows potential for groundwater recharge or discharge dependi
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Groundwater discharge likely to occur along interface between bedrock and alluvial unconsolidated layer and discontinuous nature of groundwater minimizes opportunit
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Trees and shrubs along corridor help to stabilize slopes.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Limited high flows for export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	

(export)			
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	deer encountered in stream

Active Recreation	1	С		

Passive Rec /	3	b	Steep slopes on either side limit development and preserve element of natural setting. Provides private,
quiet			

Heritage Value greenscape for adjoining properties.

Comments: Wetland very narrow, vegetation very weedy

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40702 Former #: 5 (in part) T_R_S: T1SR70WS7

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/7/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Bear Canyon Creek from City boundary east to Lehigh Street

Description: This wetland consists of a relatively high quality riparian corridor flowing through residential areas and open space in the

southwestern edge of the city. The creek flows along the southeastern edge of a Pierre Shale bedrock feature (on top of which is the National Center for Atmospheric Research). There is no significant shallow groundwater in this area ("thin, discontinuous and transient"). Functional values include shoreline stability, wildlife habitat, food chain support, and passive

recreation.

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Seasonally floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):2

Major plant communities present
narrowleaf cottonwood / chokecherry
narrowleaf cottonwood / hawthorn
plains cottonwood / choke cherry% of wetland area
45% Bare ground:
4550
% Water:40plains cottonwood / choke cherry10

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um, 2 = low, 1 = no
Groundwater minor Recharge	2	b	There is no signficant shallow aquifer in this area and the underlying rocks limit infiltration, although some infiltration may occur,
Groundwater with the Discharge	2	b	Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater discharge particularly upgradient along the contact Pierre shale formation but absence of a significant shallow aquifer limits the opportunity.
Flood Storage / expect flood Floodflow Alteration	2	b	Somewhat slowed water flows and minor amounts of storage (e.g., just west of Lehigh) but generally waters to be transported through with little alteration.
Shoreline Anchor. / section. Stabilization	4	b	Abudnant shrubs and moderate tree cover with rocky slopes effectively stabilize slopes in most of this
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Some long-term retention in woody species.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	In herbaceous plants and short residence time sediment deposits.
Food Chain Support (export)	4	b	Trees and shrubs provide leaf litter and flushing flows provide opportunity for export.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	High shrub productivity
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	No fish habitat but aquatic insects observed.
Wildlife connection Habitat	4	b	Deer fawn & warbler nest observed. Large size buffer zone and open space access provide good and diversity. Lots of food choke cherry, wild plum, hawthorn, in well developed shrub layer.
Active Recreation	2	а	Hikers and kids may use.
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	С	Trail access through open space and natural setting increase this functional value.

Comments: Dense shrubby vegetation along stream; very nice riparian wetland; plant communities present elsewhere in study area

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40703 Former #: 5 (in part) T_R_S: T1SR70WS8

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/6/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Bear Canyon Creek down stream from Lehigh Street to Broadway

Description: This section of creek flows through the median strip on Table Mesa Drive to at newly constructed wetland in 100- foot

segment just west of Broadway. The channel has been straightened and contains many grade control structures.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Creek

Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present
reed canary grass% of wetland area% Vegetated:94reed canary grass85% Bare ground:1coyote willow / reed canarygrass10% Water:5open water5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT						
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low			
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	see below			
Groundwater and	2	b	Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater discharge or recharge depending on water levels			
Discharge			location. But, thin discontinuous nature of shallow groundwater limits effectiveness of this function.			
Flood Storage / Mesa	2	b	Some small pools with relatively low storage and flood plain is restricted by edge of median strip in Table			
Floodflow Alteration			Drive.			
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	No signficant woody veg. Engineered structures provide most of stabilization. Bank was observed to be undercut in places.			
Sediment Trapping / pools. But,	3	b	Moderate deposits of sand from roadside runoff in vicinity of bridges and behind dams, and in settling			
Retention			most expected to flow through with significant settling occurring at the new wetland just west of Broadway.			
Nutrient Retention temporary. (long-term)	2	b	Some long-term storage in coyote willows and sediments but uncertain as to extent that deposits are			
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Assumes mostly short residence sediments			
Food Chain Support segment) (export)	2	b	Low to moderate overhanging limbs to supply leaf litter. (Cooper evaluation referred to larger stream			
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	see above			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b				
Wildlife Habitat	2	С				
Active Recreation	1	С				
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b				

Comments: Channel completely straightened; low diversity wetland with lots of reed canarygrass

Wetland #: 40704

Former #: 5 (in part)

T_R_S: T1SR70WS5

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/7/2004 **Obs. Method:** Onsite and viewed from property General Location: Bear Canyon Creek from Broadway downstream (north) to US Highway 36

Description: This section of channel has been stgraightened and is lined with boulders on one (and sometimes both sides) for most of the length; nearly all of channel bottom is filled with cobbles; some sectrions of channel are concrete lined on sides and bottom; At Broadway, headgate to Anderson Ditch indicates diversions that reduce flows in this section of Bear Canyon

Creek (but did not evaluate extent of flow alterations).

Primary Water Source: Wetland Origin: Natural Creek Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1.5

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	5
urban forest / mixed herbaceous	60	% Bare ground:	20
plains cottonwood / coyote willow	30	% Water:	75
open water	10		

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater see below Recharge Groundwater 2 Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater discharge or recharge depending on water levels and Discharge location. But, thin discontinuous nature of shallow groundwater limits effectiveness of this function. Flood Storage / 2 b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 3 Water flows in this section are altered by upstream diversion into Anderson ditch so reduced opportunity. . b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Urban runoff provides source but flashing flows appear to transport out. Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 Significant overhanging limbs to supply leaf litter. (export) 3 **Food Chain Support** b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic b Diversity Wildlife 2 а Habitat Active 2 Kids observed playing in the stream. Recreation 2 Passive Rec / Bear Creek greenway trail follows alongside much of the creek and creek flows through a city park Heritage Value

Comments: wetland defined by bankful channel; forested wetland along creek; not very weedy; channel armored downstream of Martin

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40705 Former #: 6

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/2/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Bear Canyon Creek from 300 feet southwest of Baseline Road downstream (north) into Wellman Ditch and beyond as

creek channel continues north and parallel to Foothills Parkway up to inlet from Skunk Creek (Note this wetland

T R S: T1NR70WS33

of

includes former Cooper #6 as well as a portion of #7)

Description: Bear Canyon Creek flows into Wellman Ditch just west of Foothills with some water passing through a control structure to

continue flowing north. Channel south of ditch is straightened and entrenched, downcutting has isolated creek from

floodplain in places. Northern section is broader floodplain, more than one channel, with mature trees.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Max WaterDepth (ft): Hydroperiod: Seasonally flooded 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 9 crack willow / mixed herbaceous 75 % Bare ground: 2 % Water: 90 reed canarygrass open water 1 plains cottonwood - crack willow / mixed 22

plains cottonwood - crack willo	w / mixe	a	22
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	High water table (within 5 ft) so potential for discharge.
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Side channels with small islands throughout. Northern section includes broad floodplain.
Shoreline Anchor. / grassy	2	С	Signs of downcut channel and erosion occurring since Cooper evaluation. Most of shoreline consists of
Stabilization			banks with interspersed crack willows.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	Evidence of deposits in pockets, side channels and overflow areas.
Nutrient Retention wetland.) (long-term)	3	b	Some long-term retention in sediments and mature trees. (Could have higher value in north end of
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Could be somewhat lower value in southern portion of wetland.
Food Chain Support (export)	4	b	Abundant mature willows in north section.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	Could be higher value in north section.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	3	b	Lots of minnows and a 6" trout observed, also crayfish.
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	b	Bike trail has improved access and passive recreation use since previous evalutiaon.

Comments: Narrow strip of forested wetland along Bear Canyon Creek; mostly crack willow. Functional values of wetland are higher in northern portion of this wetland where floodplain broadens. Inflow from Skunk creek is north boundary of this wetland.

Major plant communities present

cattail marsh

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40706

Former #: 7

T_R_S: T1NR70WS33 &

% Vegetated:

% Water:

% Bare ground: 0

55

45

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/14/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: East of Foothills Parkway/ north and south of Arapahoe Ave

Description: Bear Canyon Creek includes section downstream of inflow from Skunk Creek. Creek flows through bottomlands as

approaches Boulder Creek to the north and receives significant urban runoff from Arapahoe and Foothills Parkway. (Note that

the small wetland north of Arapahoe which Cooper Id'd as No. 11 is also included in this wetland.)

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Seasonally floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):2

% of wetland area

10 35

Callaii Iliaisii			10
coyote willow			35
reed canary grass- cattail			10
open water			45
FUNCTION AND VALUE AS	SESSME	NT	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater	2	b	May recharge during low water table periods, but not significant.
Recharge	2	D	way recharge during low water table periods, but not significant.
Recharge			
	_		
Groundwater	2	b	
Discharge			
Flood Storage /	3	b	
Floodflow Alteration			
Shoreline Anchor. /	3	b	Cooper's higher value probably reflects difference in boundaries.
Stabilization			
Sediment Trapping /	4	b	
Retention	7	b	
Retention			
Noted and Batanettan	0		
Nutrient Retention	3	b	
(long-term)			
Nutrient Retention	3	b	
(short-term)			
Food Chain Support	3	b	
(export)			
Food Chain Support	3	b	Some aquatic vegetation, abundant willows.
(within basin)	Ü	D	Some aquatio vogotation, abandant willows.
(
Figh Habitat / Aquatia	3	b	Small minnows observed in channel.
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	3	b	Small milliows observed in chamile.
Diversity			
	_		
Wildlife	3	b	Good for birds, fragmented by roads. Deer trails and beds.
Habitat			
Active	1	b	
Recreation			
Passive Rec /	2	b	Access ok but area is narrow and bounded by Parkway on the west.
Haultana Valua			• •

Comments: Water source includes the re-routed end of Skunk Creek from outlet of wetlands north of CU research park.

Major plant communities present

Wetland #: 40801

Former #: 12 (in part)

T_R_S: T1SR70WS8

% Vegetated:

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 6/4/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Viele Lake, immediately south west of South Boulder Rec. Center

Description: Lake is probably located in natural depression that was enhanced for the park. Located at base of bedrock formation where

it collects surface water runoff from hillside and local groundwater seepage along contact with rock interface. Water was

turbid at time of visit; pond has sport fishing; used by anglers on shore.

Wetland Origin: Agriculture Primary Water Source: Ground water

% of wetland area

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

cattail American three square Baltic rush open water			4 0.5 0.5 95	% Bare ground: % Water:	0 95			
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low								
Groundwater by Recharge	2	b	Some recharge may occur along the north downgradient side, but opportunity permeability of underlying rocks and thin unconsolidated layer.	to infiltrate may be	e restricted			
Groundwater Pierre Discharge surrounding	3	b	Geohydrology maps indicate groundwater discharge likely from south and east shale bedrock feature. Relative inputs from subsurface inflows versus surface hillsides is uncertain.	ŭ				
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Site visit probably coincided with high water levels hence no water line expose moderate aboveground storage capacity.	ed. But, likely to ha	ve some			
Shoreline Anchor. <i>I</i> Stabilization	2	b	Mowed to edge in places. Limited opportunity other than wind.					
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	Erosion from steep hillside slopes provides source of sediments.					
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	Accumulation of sediments and high input of nutrients from geese.					
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Some short-term sediments and herbaceous/ermergent retention.					
Food Chain Support infrequent. (export)	2	b	Overhanging vegetation provides some input but flushing flows and high level	ls to export are pro	bably			
5 101 1 0 1	•							

Food Chain Support 3 (within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 4 b Fish observed and farily large lake. Diversity

а

Wildlife 3 b Active urban park setting may limit amount of wildlife. Great blue heron observed along with waterfowl. Habitat

Active 5 b Few lakes of this size and accessibility close to residences within Boulder. Provides value for boating and fishing Recreation uses.

Passive Rec / 5 b Visitors to rec. center enjoy paths and view. Heritage Value

Comments: Most of Russian olives have been killed; lots of weeds surrounding the wetland

Comments: very weedy

Wetland #: 40802

Former #: 12 (in part)

T R S: T1SR70WS8

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. **Date of Visit:** 6/4/2004 **Obs. Method:** Onsite **General Location:** Drainage channel east of Viele lake and west of Broadway running along bike path

Description: Includes two disconnected sections; upper section near Viele Lake is slightly broader and mostly plains cottonwood,

peach-leaf willow, and cattail; lower section is a narrow channel containing mostly has weedy species

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** Ground water Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 1 Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 50 % Bare ground: 25 cattail 25 coyote willow 30 % Water: 25 peach-leaf willow 10 plains cottonwood 10 25 open water **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Geohydrologic map shows potential for groundwater recharge or discharge depending on water levels. Recharge Groundwater 2 b Discharge 2 Flood Storage / b Small area with limited capacity. Floodflow Alteration 2 Shoreline Anchor. / Little opportunity as upstream lake expected to moderate heavy flows. b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (short-term) 2 **Food Chain Support** b Limited high flows. (export) 2 **Food Chain Support** b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 Previous evaluation ihigher because it included Viele Lake. **Diversity** Wildlife 2 b Habitat Active 1 Previous evaluation ihigher because it included Viele Lake. Recreation 2 Passive Rec / Bike path offers access and vegetated corridor. Previous evaluation higher because it included Viele Lake. Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40803

Former #: 12 (in part)

T R S: T1SR70WS9

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 6/8/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Tantra Lake and associated channels; east of Moorhead, west of Tantra Dr.

Description: Located in Tantra subdivision; heavily manicuted, and shoreline of lake is heavily used by local residents

Wetland Origin: Mining Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 5

Major plant communities present
plains cottonwood - peach - leaf willow - crack
openwater% of wetland area
10
90% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
% Water:10
90

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater Though geology of area consists of unconsolidated alluvial deposits, history as a gravel pit suggests pond Recharge area that was excavated down to a less permeable layer. So, recharge potential is probably low. Groundwater 2 b Insufficient geohydro informaion to be able to rule out potential for discharge when water table is high. Primarily a Discharge surface water fed lake however so significance of input from groundwater is low. 3 Flood Storage / h Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Mowing to edges reduces ability for vegetation to effectively stabilize, but some typha and sparse trees b present. Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 Turbid water at outfall indicates some flowthrough, but low flows through lake typically allow heavier sediments to Retention drop out. 3 **Nutrient Retention** b Very few trees and shrubs but moderate sedimentation. (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b Some typha. (short-term) 2 Low production and limited flushing flows. **Food Chain Support** С (export) 3 **Food Chain Support** Insects, emergent veg., and small fish provide food for birds, waterfowl and fish b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 С **Diversity** Wildlife 3 Heron, swan, geese present, and lake channel connects to nice wetland to south. But, lack of buffer around Habitat lake limits habitat for wildlife. Active 2 b Recreation

Lake provides amenity for residential development but does not offer heritage value.

Comments: This wetland includes a fairly narrow channel above and below Tantra Lake

4

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40804 Former #: 12 (in part) T_R_S: T1SR70WS9

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/16/2004 Obs. Method: onsite

General Location: In park south of Tantra Lake access via public sidewalk from Moorehead Circle south of Tantra Lake sales office

Description: Many leopard frogs present; concrete-lined pond; one outlet pipe in NW corner of pond; no inlet pipe observed, but S.

Boulder/Bear Creek ditch to southeast may support.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present
urban forest% of wetland area% Vegetated:0open water25% Bare ground:075% Water:100

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

Groundwater 1 c Concrete lined/No interaction with subsurface.

Recharge

Groundwater Discharge

1 c

2

2

Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration

b Receives some rainwater runoff via ditch but limited opportunity and small pond area.

Shoreline Anchor. /

Stabilization

1 c

Sediment Trapping /

Retention

b Some minor sediment deposits but input is limited

Nutrient Retention

(long-term)

2 b Minor amt in seds.

Nutrient Retention

(short-term)

2 b

2

2

Food Chain Support

(export)

b Low productivitry and low vol. of export water

Food Chain Support

(within basin)

2 b

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

Diversity

b Frogs and dragonflies present, but small pond area.

-

Wildlife 2 b small mammals and birds may visit for water supply and food

Habitat

Active 1 b

Recreation

Passive Rec / Heritage Value

Comments: Very small constructed concrete lined pond surrounded by trees; leopard frogs present

Paths pass by.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40805 Former #: 12 (in part) T_R_S: T1SR70WS9

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/8/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: On Viele Channel east of Tantra Drive to CU access road

Description: Nice wetland with good wildlife habitat, Canada geese nesting, bull frogs present, evidence of past beaver activity (old

beaver-chewed tree stumps).

Comments: wetland weedy

Wetland Origin: Mining Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 3

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area% Vegetated:5050% Bare ground:% Water:50

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Unlikely but not impossible when water table low and surface water high Recharge Groundwater 3 Insufficient geohydro information reviewd to be able to evaluate extent of discharge. Primarily a ditch fed Discharge wetland, however, so significance of input from groundwater is lecpected to be ow. Flood Storage / 3 upstream ditches and lake controls expected to moderate the opportunity for this wetland to receive flood waters. **Floodflow Alteration** Previous evaluation apparently included additional wetlands to the east which are outside the limits of the current study area. Shoreline Anchor. / 3 b Stabilization 3 Sediment Trapping / b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 h (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (export) **Food Chain Support** b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 С **Diversity** Wildlife b Habitat Active 1 b Recreation Passive Rec / 4 Boardwalk and plaques in small park provide educational /heritage and passive rec. value. Previous evaluation Heritage Value must have proceeded access and park development.

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40901

Former #: 15 (in part)

T R S: T1SR70WS3

99

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit:

6/2/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Ponds immediately south of East Boulder Recreation Center

Description: Two constructed ponds that encompass nearly 6 acres.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: plains cottonwood / mixed graminoid 2 % Bare ground: 0 1 % Water: cattail wooly sedge / mixed graminoid 1 mixed graminoid 1 open water 95 **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 b Recharge Groundwater 2 С Discharge Flood Storage / 2 С Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (short-term) 2 **Food Chain Support** low opportunity due to controls (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 mowed to edges (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 С **Diversity** Wildlife 2 geese, but human activity and dogs probably reduce effectiveness of area for wildlife Habitat Active 5 Frequent use of ponds in dog park area Recreation

Comments: margins partially manicured (with some unmaintained areas) resident Canada goose population

Rec. center visitors

h

Wetland #: 40902

Former #: 15 (in part)

T R S: T1SR70WS3

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J.

Date of Visit:

6/2/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Constructed wetland east of East Boulder Recreation Center and west of South Boulder Creek in South Boulder Creek

flood plain

Description: Palustrine wetland, cattails and grasses. Located in floodplain of South Boulder Creek and supported by high groundwater.

Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial **Primary Water Source:** Ground water Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 2 Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 90 open water % Bare ground: 0 10 % Water: cattail 45 10 40 mixed graminoid reed canarygrass 4 plains cottonwood/mixed graminod **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 b Recharge Groundwater 3 Water table mapped within 5 ft of gorund, and construction grading appears to have been designed to try and Discharge intercept high groundwater Flood Storage / 2 limited opportunity b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 limited opportunity h Stabilization 2 Sediment Trapping / b Limited source Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 b No woody species or sig. sed. Deposits (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b cattails (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 No outflow observed nor evident from the past (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 b Very small area of open water at south end for aquatic insects **Diversity** Wildlife 3 b Habitat Active 1 b

Comments: Quite a nice wetland with major red wing black bird nesting area

С

3

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 40903

Former #: 14

T_R_S: T1SR70WS4

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/30/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: South of intersection of Baseline Road and Foothills Parkway

Description: Wetland is located at interface between two landforms -- at the base an upland terrace to the southwest (associated with Pierre shale formation) and on the western edge of the lowlands associated with S. Boulder Creek. Water flows through a pipe under Foothills and along Baseline before eventually dishcarging into Dry Creek ditch No. 2. It is supported by a combination of urban runoff and a high water table. It recieves significant urban runoff from major transportation routes as well and has a high functional value for nutrient and sediment retention. It could be easily improved by less mowing on the

edges,tree plantings and/or limited regrading.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 99
cattail- bulrush	35	% Bare ground: 0
meadow foxtail	10	% Water: 1
cattail- reed canarygrass	50	
wet meadow	5	

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low					
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Could potentially recharge when water table declines and surface inflows are high.		
Groundwater Discharge	3	b	Located at the base of a Pierre Shale bedrock formation along the base of a terrace, where groundwater discharge is likely to occur along the contact in the southwest portion of the wetland		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Receives significant stormwater runoff from Baseline and Foothills Parkway.		
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	Little opportunity.		
Sediment Trapping / extent Retention	4	С	Cattail bullrush stands in channel trap sediments effectively. Thick deposits observed. Only uncertainty is to which large storm can resuspend sediments & transport.		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	Sediments, source from road runoff		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	cattails		
Food Chain Support wetland (export)	2	b	Although in channel production is relatively high it is mostly in cattails and no mobile leaf litter. Overall area is fairly small. Also flushing flows are expected to be infrequent.		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Relatively small area and could be easily enlarged to increase effectiveness.		
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С			
Wildlife Habitat	2	а	possibly small mammals and birds		
Active Recreation	1	С			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	1	b			

Comments: Stormwater conveyance channel and overflow area

Wetland #: 40904

Former #: 12

T R S: T 1SR70WS4

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/4/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Thunderbird Lake, north of Frasier Meadows Manor retirement home

Description: Pond sits in a depression on a terrace feature underlain by Pierre shale bedrock. Previous assessor noted pond was

constructed in former gravel pit. Appears to have experienced signficant decline in water level. Water very turbid, yellow in

olor.

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

(export)

Food Chain Support

Wetland Origin: Mining Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present
bulrush% of wetland area% Vegetated:8bare ground
openwater8% Bare ground:2openwater90% Water:90

Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater Located on a terrace, in small pocket of alluvial deposits surrounded by Pierre shale bedrock. Uncertain if pond Recharge bottom is bedrock as previous assessor noted pond is in former gravel pit. Some infiltraion along fringe possible when water level is high. 2 Appears to be a perched rainwater collection pond. Local groundwater probably contributes some inflows Groundwater b from Discharge the southwest, but shallow aguifer is thin in this area. Flood Storage / 2 Low opportunity due to topography and apparent absence of inflow pipes (dark water color obscured view). Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Little opportunity other than from wind and bullrushes along edges are somewhat effective. С Stabilization 2 Sediiment accumulation is limited due to the absence of surface water inflows. Sediment Trapping / b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 Long-term nutrient retention is occurring because of accumulation of waste from waterfowl and absence of h significant outflow. (long-term)

Nutrient Retention 2 b Short-term retention in bullrush stands. (short-term)

Food Chain Support 1 b

b

3

(within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 a Water quality suspect. (algae bloom?) Probably very high conductivity and low oxygen

Diversity

Wildlife 2 b waterfowl (baby ducks present!
Habitat

Active 1 a
Recreation

Passive Rec / 3 a Park surrounds pond and provides excellent access, but suspect that drought and poor water quality have degraded the pond along with its aesthetic quality.

Comments: Water level in pond down substantially from peak; mud flats abundant on western, southern sides of pond

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40905 Former #: 11 T_R_S: T1NR70S24

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/29/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: In the Meadow Glen subdivision, east of 55th and north of Baseline

Description: A series of shallow ponds with little to know fringe, connected by narrow channels in the highly manicured open space of the

Meadow Glen subdivision

Wetland Origin:MiningPrimary Water Source:DitchHydroperiod:Semi-permanently floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):3

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area% Vegetated:22% Bare ground:0% Water:98

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater limits	2	b	Geohydrology map indicates potential for groundwater recharge. But high water table <5 ft below ground
Recharge			effectiveness.
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Recieves stormwater inflow from Baseline Road at south end. (Increased ranking based on large size and opportunity)
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	manicured lawn, rubble substrate in places
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	С	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	3	b	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	
Active Recreation	1	b	prohibited by homeowners assoc.
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	С	

Comments: cut/poison tamarisk plants

Wetland #: 40906

Date of Visit: 6/29/2004

Former #: 35

Obs. Method: Onsite

T R S: T1NR70WS34

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne

General Location: East side of Meadow Glen Park

Description: Palustrine wetland comprised of cattails, reed canary grass and sedge. The mapped wetland area has changed much

since previous mapping. Fill was placed on 1/2 of it and Meadow Glen Park was built.

Wetland Origin: Agriculture **Primary Water Source:** Ditch Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 2 Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 95 % Bare ground: 0 cattail 25 3 % Water: pond weed 5 2 manna wooly sedge 30 reed canary grass 25 **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater Geohydrology map indicates potential for groundwater recharge. But high water table <5 ft below ground limits Recharge effectiveness. Groundwater 4 Vegetation patterns on slopes suggest seepage but no seeps observed directly. High ground water. Discharge Flood Storage / 3 In puts limited, but large area with irregular surfaces has potential to be effective stormwater control. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 Little opportunity Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 h (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 h (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 aquatic insects may be present а **Diversity** Wildlife deer, birds, small mammals h Habitat Active prohibited by homeowners assoc. 1 Recreation Passive Rec / 4 located adjacent to Meadow Glen Park Heritage Value

Comments:

There are many areas that are a mess of wetland species and upland species (sep. weeds), but don't appear to have hydric soils and hydrology; suggesting that the wetland has been affected by recent disturbances and plant communities may still

Wetland #: 40907

7/6/2004

Former #: 11

Obs. Method: Onsite

T R S: T1NR70WS34

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit:

General Location: Flatirons Golf Course, south of Arapahoe ave and east of 55th Street

Description: Mostly constructed ponds and connecting channels; one area of natural wet meadow wetland in northeastern corner of golf

course.

Wetland Origin:Urban/ industrialPrimary Water Source:DitchHydroperiod:Seasonally floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):5

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 7 % Bare ground: 0 prairie cordgrass 0.5 % Water: sedge meadow 4 93 bulrush 0.5 open water 95 **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater In upper areas recharge may occur in select locations but clay soils limit effectiveness. Recharge Groundwater 3 Although ditch water is the main source of water that maintains the extensive network of ponds on the golf

Flood Storage / 2 b

Discharge

Floodflow Alteration

Shoreline Anchor. *I* 2 b Main source of erosion would be from recreational use, and turf is mowed to edges in most areas. **Stabilization**

course, groundwater discharge contributes as well.

Sediment Trapping / 2 b
Retention

Nutrient Retention a 3 c Some portion of incoming nutrient load settles out in ponds and is retained in mature trees. Course manager (long-term) reports no elevated nitrates in water samples from course (and pesticides are no longer used onsite and higher at the inlet than outlet)

Nutrient Retention 2 b (short-term)

Food Chain Support 2 c (export)

Food Chain Support 2 c

(within basin)

Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 c Striped bass reported, carp, bluegill, snapping turtle. Fairly abundant fish population, Cause of a recent fish kill in

Diversity spring 04 unknown.

Wildlife 2 c Deer and waterfowl Habitat

Active 1 b No boating or fishing so not active uses. Recreation

Passive Rec / 4 c Golf course amenity. Only prarie cordgrass community observed in City wetlands. Heritage Value

Comments: Ponds typically have a narrow fringe (2-3 ft. wide) of sedges around the edge

Wetland #: 40908

Former #: 52 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS27

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne, A. Date of Visit: 6/1/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: North of Arapahoe Ave., south of railroad tracks, surrounded by industrial buildings, north of Flatirons Golf Course;

includies small pond, to culvert that runs under business/ industrial complex

Description: Narrow channels and pond north of the golf course carrying water via channel identified as Dry Creek (more accurately

described as Dry Creek No. 2 dtch) flowing into the wetlands to the north. Functiional values are reduced somwhat by current

mowing practices and limited vegetation in southern part of wetland.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 0.5

Major plant communities present
coyote willow / wooly sedge% of wetland area% Vegetated:97open water85% Bare ground:015% Water:3

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low				
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Minor amount possible when water table drops, in ponds and in southern (upgradient end)	
Groundwater Discharge	3	С	Geohydrologic maps indicate groundwater discharge likely to occur, however, relative input appears to be greater from surface water from urban runoff and golf course irrigation.	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Narrow chanel mowed to edges limits effectiveness though ponds provide some storage. (Cooper was evaluating larger system which we have subdivided)	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Crack willow roots along banks	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	In ponds	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	In mature trees and pond sediments	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	In cattails	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	Relatively low op. for flushing flows	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	2	b	Lawn up to edge reduces productivity	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	а		
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Small mammals and birds, diverse food supply.	
Active Recreation	1	b		
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	Rich plant diversity.	

Comments:

Vegetation weedy; adjacent grounds maintained to edge of southern reach of stream and pond. Wetland includes a pond, very narrow margin around pond, and stream channel.

Wetland #: 40909

Former #: 52 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS27

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/1/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Along Dry Creek east of 55th St., South of Valmont, and north of railroad tracks, office park

Description: This wetland is located in the bottomlands of two major creek systems where there is a perrenial high water table.

Groundwater flows from the west, south, and east converge in this area and discharge into South Boulder Creek and Boulder Creek. Bedrock formations to the east also create boundary and channel water movement into this area. Functional values

are high for urban stormwater management.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities pres wooly sedge reed canarygrass cattail coyote willow / baltic rush coyote willow / reed canarygrass	<u> </u>		% of wetland area 5 5 85 2 3	% Vegetated: 93 % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 7
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low	
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Minor amount possible when water table drops and in southern (upgradient en	nd)
Groundwater	4	С	Groundwater flows from the west, south, and east converge in this area and converge in this area and converge in this area.	lischarge into South Boulder
Creek Discharge probably due			and Boulder Creek. High water table conditions predominate throughout. Diff	erence in evaluations
,,			to availability of new geohydrologic information.	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration developments	5	b	Major urban stormwater corridor in the bottomland of two of the city's major cr topography help to slow flows and store water. Uncertain extent to which sur	
ac voiopinionio			have impacted effectiveness by paving infiltration areas.	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	Broad corridor without distinct banks in many places.	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	С	Very effective sediment trapping by cattails.	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	In sediments, significant loading from urban runoff (may be more industrial that	an when Cooper viewed)
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	In cattails	
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	а	Very productive area and generally slow moving water limits export	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	b		
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	Small mammals and birds, diverse food supply.	
Active Recreation	1	b		
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	Rich plant diversity.	

Comments: This is quite a nice wetland, with good plant diversity and relatively few noxious weeds. The shallow water ponds provide

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40910 Former #: 11 T R S: T1NR70WS27

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/1/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Immediately south of Central Ave., east of 55th Street, office park area

Description: Pond is located near the base of an upland terrace (located to the southwest). Primary water source appears to be from

stormwater runoff, although some groundwater dishcharge into the pond is likely from the south as groundwater moves

north to the bottomlands associated with Boulder Creek.

Wetland Origin: Mining Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 5

Major plant communities present
open water% of wetland area% Vegetated:5100% Bare ground:0% Water:95

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Some infiltration and mounding possible on east side Groundwater 3 Recharge Groundwater 3 Pond is located along the northeast edge of a terrace, and seepage evident at the toe of the slope. (Surface Discharge water inflows appear to be more significant source of pond's water supply) Flood Storage / 3 Not on creek system so primarily stores parking lot runoff. Floodflow Alteration 2 Shoreline Anchor. / Little opportunity, but mowed landscaped edges limit effectivenesss Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 b Retention 2 **Nutrient Retention** Some in sediments but few trees for retention (long-term) 2 **Nutrient Retention** b (short-term) Little food to export during periods of occassional overflow **Food Chain Support** 2 (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 Fish, insects, and aquatic biota provide some in basin food. (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 Blue gills and minnow and carp observed **Diversity** Wildlife 3 b waterfowl, snapping turtle. Deer bedding to southeast. Industrial setting limits effectiveness, but proximity Habitat wetland to the east offers connection to other habitat Active 1 b Recreation Passive Rec / 3 Limited access but nearby employees in office park enjoy.

Comments: Wetland includes the pond and a small seep area in the southwestern corner.

Heritage Value

Comments:

Wetland #: 40911

Former #: 16

T_R_S: T1NR70WS34

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/16/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property General Location: South Boulder Creek west of Cherryvale Road at Congregation Bonai Shalom; flood plain South of Boulder Creek

Description: Stream section that includes large meander. Wetland defined by bankful width

Wetland Origin:NaturalPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:Permanently floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):3

Major plant communities present
crack willow-green ash% of wetland area% Vegetated:35100% Bare ground:0% Water:65

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater Geohydrology map indicates potential for groundwater recharge. But high water table <5 ft below ground limits Recharge effectiveness. Groundwater 3 Groundwater discharge occurs but relative volume of input as compared to inflows from surface water expected Discharge to be low. Flood Storage / 4 Large meander feature will slow flows. Evidence of flood debris 3 ft above water level on tree trunks and shrubs. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 4 Crack willows, ash, and shrub understory ancho shore. Rock has been installed at bend in the river to help Stabilization stabilize, but some evidence of erosion observed on edges of rock area (hence the decrease in ranking), Sediment Trapping / 3 In pockets and flood debris for short term (Difference in ranking may be because Cooper mayhave evaluated Retention larger section of stream)) **Nutrient Retention** 4 b Abundance of woody species (long-term) Some short term seds and herbaceous **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 4 b Extensive canopy cover provides leaf litter (export) **Food Chain Support** 4 Function is lower because smaller area than previously assessed. b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 3 b **Diversity** Wildlife b Habitat Active b Recreation Passive Rec / 3 b Heritage Value

Major plant communities present

reed canary rass

Wetland #: 40912

Former #: 50

T_R_S: T1NR70WS27

% Vegetated:

% Bare ground: 0

11

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit:

9/9/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Ditch north of Arapahoe Ave. at point where Cherryvale Road would cross wetland if Cherryvale continued north of

Arapahoe Ave.; north of car dealerships

Description: Section of Leggett Inlet ditch with fairly shallow, slow-moving water, sttep ditch banks

Wetland Origin:Urban/ industrialPrimary Water Source:CreekHydroperiod:SaturatedMax WaterDepth (ft):3

% of wetland area

9

reed canary rass Emory's sedge			9 % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 89
aquatic bed			1
water smartweed			89
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater	4	b	Localized recharge/seepage occurs adjacent to ditch. Geohydrology map shows primary path for
groundwater			flancia to month forms disab
Recharge			flow is to north from ditch
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Control structures probably limit inflows but capacity for channel storage exists.
Shoreline Anchor. /	3	С	Moderate tree cover and moderate erosional forces. No evidence of erosion occurring except around
upstream Stabilization			dam structure.
Gtabinzation			dam on dotare.
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Good export opportunity but little leaf litter from overhanging limbs
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	Fairly productive aquatic vegetation
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Relatively narrow channel adjoining commercial development. Swallows and waterfowl present.
Active Recreation	1	а	Commercial develoipment area and poor access, uncertain if may get occassional fisherman.
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	1	а	Dirt trail to north may get occassional passerby

Comments: Conveys water from South Boulder Creek to Leggett Reservior; narrow band of wetland vegetation that grows along ditch

Wetland #: 40913

Former #: 53

T R S: T1NR70WS27

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/14/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: W of 65th, N. of Boulder Recycling Center, SE of Leggett Reservoir inlet ditch (Previously mapped portion to north of

ditch not included.)

Description: Wetland 53 is a large depressional wetland with ponded water and fringe. The wetland is situated in the bottomlands along

South Boulder Creek in an area that receives surface water and groundwater draining from higher levations (terrace formation) in the south. The source of water is groundwater discharge from the south and ditch leakage from the north, supplemented by stormwater runoff. The underlying geology is characterized by a thin saturated thickness (of unconsolidated Broadway alluvial deposits overlying Pierre Shale. Soils consist of relatively low permeability sandy clay. The presence of the alkali deposits in the western portion of the wetland suggests that perched precipitation is present on the surface

Wetland Origin: Mining **Primary Water Source:** Ditch Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	65
cattail	15	% Bare ground: (0
bulrush	5	% Water:	35
American three square	35		
widgeongrass	45		

widgeongrass			45
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE	ESSME	NT	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig			
Groundwater soils	2	b	Regional geohydrologic maps indicate potential recharge could occur when groundwater table is low, but
Recharge			limit effectiveness.
Groundwater table is	3	С	Local discharge from north ditch seepage. Geohydrologic maps indicate discharge possible and water
Discharge			within 5 ft. Low permeable clay layer retains water in pond.
Flood Storage /	3	b	Has storage capacity but unclear where flood waters would flow from as South Bouder Creek flows are
heavily Floodflow Alteration			manipulated into Legett and Valmont Resevoir.
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	
Nutrient Retention	4	С	sources of nutrients from waterfowl and stormwarter from recycling center are trapped in bottom sediments
(long-term)			absence of outflow
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	С	cattails and bullrush
Food Chain Support (export)	1	а	No significant outlet observed.
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	Very productive herbaceous layer, but tree and shrubs sparse
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	No fish observed (water quality?), but aquatic insects observed
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	
Active Recreation	1	b	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	а	Workers and visitors to the recycling center may enjoy visual appeal.

Comments: pH across the site ranged from 8.4-9.2; conductivity ranged from 2350-2500.

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 40914 Former #: 13

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 9/9/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: East of Stazio Way, south of Valmont Butte, and north of Stazio ballfields

Description: Shallow-water cattail stands and saturated soils with American three-square prediminate

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 0

Major plant communities present
baltic rush% of wetland area
34% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
% Water:100
% Bare ground:
% Water:Nebraska sedge
cattail1% Water:
20American three square45

T R S:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater 2 b Recharge Groundwater 3 High water table present but direct discharge uncertain. Groundwater flows from the west, south, and east Discharge converge in this area and discharge into South Boulder Creek and Boulder Creek. (Rock formations to the east also create boundary that restricts groundwater movement to this area) Flood Storage / 2 Low storage/collection of overland flows off terrace to east and ballfields, but opportunity limited given distance **Floodflow Alteration** from streams. Shoreline Anchor. / 1 b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 3 Effective flat area for trapping but source limited to overland flows off terrace so opportunity limited. ballfield area Retention runoff and paved parking area runoff likely to enter wetland. **Nutrient Retention** 3 Source of nutrients from ballfields likely (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 Cattails h (short-term) 2 **Food Chain Support** Outlet into ditch to north does not appear to receive high flows, so opportunity for export low. (export) **Food Chain Support** 3 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 С **Diversity** Wildlife 2 h Habitat Active b Recreation

Comments: Old floodplain south of Boulder Creek, very weedy, but has large area of three-square; wetland may be supported in part by irrigation of bluegrass turf at ballfields

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

3

b

Wetland #: 40915

Former #: 11

T_R_S: T1NR70WS27

Investigator: J.Sanderson, C. Browne Date of Visit: 10/7/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: "Flatiron Channel", just north of Arapahoe, east of 55th, mostly along channel on north side of RR tracks, but also

including some wetlands on the south side of the tracks.

Description: Slope wetlands and cattail marsh in industrial park. Appears to have a divide near the center with drainage in either direction

to northwest and northeast, but most of water at time of visit draining to northeast. Soil maps suggest wetland is located on

edge of former gravel mining area .

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial **Primary Water Source:** ditch Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities prescattail coyote willow/mesic graminoid reed canarygrass mixed graminoid (very weedy) plains cottonwood/mixed gramin FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig	oid <u>ESSME</u> h, 3 = n	nedi		% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	98 0 2
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Water table within 5 ft of surface.		
Groundwater Discharge	3	b			
Flood Storage / water Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Capacity exists to receive stormwater runoff and high groundwater (but no di observed).	rect connection to s	surface
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	3	b	No evidence of erosion but probably little opportunity except for precip runoff		
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	accumulation of sediments observed.		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	In sediments but few woody species		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Cattails		
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b			
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	а	Small minnows observed in shallow pool		
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	small mammals, connection to S. Boulder Creek corridor, butindustrial par	k to north and south	n restrict
Active Recreation	1	С			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	а			

Comments: High groundwater from upgradient ditch leakage supports hydrology. No photos taken.

Wetland #: 41001

Former #: 13 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 5/27/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: On IBM property immediately south of Tom Watson Park, east of 63rd St.

Description: Irrigation pond located on alluvial deposit terrace. Minimal fringe of wetland vegetation

Wetland Origin:AgriculturePrimary Water Source:DitchHydroperiod:Semi-permanently floodedMax WaterDepth (ft):5

Major plant communities present
open water% of wetland area
100% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
% Water:5
% Bare ground:
% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater 3 c Groundwater recharge occurs from irrigation pond as evidenced by downgradient seepage to the south as Recharge groundwater flows from northwest to southeast Groundwater 2 b Discharge Flood Storage / b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 С Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Little opportunity other than from park runoff b Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 2 h (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 b (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 2 b **Diversity** Wildlife 2 b Habitat Active 1 С Recreation

Comments:

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

b

Wetland #: 41002

Former #: 13 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 5/27/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Immediately south (down hill) of pond at Watson Park,100 yrds east of 63rd Street, IBM land

Description: Slope wetland I(about 1 acre) ocated on south facing slope; transition between flat-topped upland terrace to north and Dry

Creek channel to the south.

Wetland Origin:Urban/ industrialPrimary Water Source:PondHydroperiod:SaturatedMax WaterDepth (ft):5

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area% Vegetated:100Baltic rush65% Bare ground:0American three-square5% Water:0

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	1	b	
Groundwater Discharge	3	b	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Little input and no woody plants.
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	2	b	Cattails but little input reduces opportunity.
Food Chain Support (export)	1	С	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	

Comments: Source of water is seepage from pond to the north. observed one plant that resembled purple loosetrife in vegetative

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 41003 Former #: 32 T R S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. **Date of Visit:** 5/27/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: East of 63rd St. and north of Diagonal Highway on IBM land; along Dry Creek

Description: Fairly large wetland (8acres) that includes slope wetlands and riverine systems (Dry Creek) draining from Boulder Reservoir.

Area also collects and transports water from Coot Lake to northwest and small channel in south with water from east of

Foothills Parkway. Located in terrace upland area where bedrock is near ground surface.

Wetland Origin: Natural **Primary Water Source:** surface water and groundwater

Max WaterDepth (ft): Hydroperiod: Saturated 2

Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 96 % Bare ground: 3 cattail-teasel

Baltic rush

saltgrass / alkali sacaton

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater Little infiltration given shale bedrock near surface and saturated soils Recharge

Groundwater Discharge

3 Wetland is supported mostly by surface water, but references show potential for discharge.

Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration

Capacity available but may have imted opportunity given upstream manipulations. b

Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization

2 b Little opportunity

Sediment Trapping / absence Retention

Source of sediments reduced by upstream lakes (reservoir), nevertheless very fine deposits observed;

Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

% Water:

of flushing flows I

Nutrient Retention (long-term)

Retention in sediments and organic deposits

Nutrient Retention (short-term)

3 b Cattails

Food Chain Support (export)

3 b

3

3

3

Food Chain Support (within basin)

3 Most production likely to stay in basin b

Fish Habitat / Aquatic **Diversity**

Minnows and perrenial flows, but relatively shallow water without shade cover

b

Wildlife

3 shorebirds b

Habitat

1 b

3

2

Active Recreation

Good size area that includes slope wetland and creek supported by high water from resevoir. Heritage

Passive Rec / value for **Heritage Value**

Distichilis habitat.

Comments: Wetland along Dry Creek; outling areas supported by groundwater

Wetland #: 41004

Former #: 33

T_R_S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/11/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: Northwest of Diagonal Highway, east of 63rd Street and south of IBM buildings

Description: Constructed retention pond potentially occupying several acres when full, now mostly cattails, shallow basin

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 6

Major plant communities present
cattail% of wetland area% Vegetated:90open water90% Bare ground:010% Water:10

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASS Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hi			Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater Recharge	3	b	
Groundwater Discharge	1	С	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b	
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С	
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	
Active Recreation	1	С	
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	а	

Comments: Cattail marsh; wetland created by IBM

Wetland #: 41005

Former #: 31

Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne, J. Date of Visit: 7/11/2004

General Location: North of Diagonal Highway and east of 63rd St.

Description: Ephemeral wetlands, alkali flat located east of Boulder resevoir in terrace upland area with clayey soils and bedrock near

ground surface.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: Ground water

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded **Max WaterDepth (ft):** 0

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	75
Gerard's rush	30	% Bare ground:	25
cattail	30	% Water:	0
alkali grass	20		
bare ground	20		

alkali grass			20
bare ground			20
bare ground			20
FUNCTION AND VALUE AS	SSESSMEI	NT	
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 =	high, 3 = n	nediu	um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low
Groundwater	1	b	Clay and shale limit infiltration.
Recharge			,
· ·			
Groundwater	3	С	Local seepage from resevoir. High water table evident by presence of typha on slope.
Discharge	3	C	Local seepage from resevoir. Fight water table evident by presence of typina off slope.
Discharge			
Flood Storage /	2	b	Limited opportunity as not on stream system.
Floodflow Alteration			
Shoreline Anchor. /	1	С	
Stabilization			
Sediment Trapping /	1	b	No source of sediments observed.
Retention	'	D	No source of sediments observed.
Retention			
Nutrient Retention	2	b	low productivity and inputs
(long-term)			
Nutrient Retention	2	b	
(short-term)			
` ,			
Food Chain Support	1	С	
(export)	'	C	
(export)			
Food Chain Support	2	b	
(within basin)			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic	1	С	
Diversity			
Wildlife	3	b	Relatively large open space with kill deer and swallows observed, surrounded by prairie dogs
Habitat	O	D	Notatively large open space with his deer and swanows observed, surrounded by praine dege
Active	4	_	
Active	1	С	
Recreation			
Passive Rec /	4	b	Salt flats are unusual wetland type in Boulder area
Heritage Value			

Comments: Some ground water may come from Boulder Reservior; slope wetland and salt flat

Wetland Origin: Natural

Wetland #: 41006

Former #: 39

Primary Water Source: Reservoir

T_R_S: T1NR70WS2

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 7/13/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite and viewed from property

General Location: Southeast of intersection of 119 Street and 63rd Street.

Description: Most of this wetland is a swale that receives outflow from Boulder Reservoir, urban runoff, and some groundwater discharge.

Wetland Origin: Natural			Primary Water Source: Reservoir		
Hydroperiod: Permanently Fl	ooded		Max WaterDepth (ft): 2		
Major plant communities presc cattail Zannichellia palustris coyote willow / mesic graminoid Open water	ent		% of wetland area 85 10 3 2	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	98 0 2
FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high			um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low		
Groundwater Recharge	2	b	Depth to regional groundwater depcicted as 5-10 ft below ground, so potentia effectiveness limited by geology and soils.	I for recharge exists	s but
Groundwater from the	3	С	Geohydrologic map shows this area as a very localized area of groundwater of	lischarge receiving	inflow
Discharge ditches in			west, south and east. These local gorundwater flows are supported by infiltra	tion from the reseve	oir and
			the area.		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Outflow is only partially restricted, receives urban runoff		
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b			
Sediment Trapping / (Note	4	b	Dense vegetation is effective trap and source is from stormwater drainage fro	m fairly large paved	d area .
Retention portion			that while sedimentation can be a counter-indicator of groundwater discharge	, in a system this la	irge one
			of the site may receive groundwater and another can receive sediment depos	its.)	
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b	sediments		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	cattails		
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	No significant leaf litter.		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	3	b	minnows (& dragonflies)		
Wildlife Habitat	2	b	Birds and small mammals. (Connection to offsite habitat is beneath the Diago	nal so Imited acces	ssibilty)
Active Recreation	1	b			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	2	b	Intense development of the area since 1987 probably accounts for the different	nce in rankings.	

Comments: Photo was taken on west end of wetland near 63rd Street

Wetland #: 41007

Former #: 16

T R S: T1NR70WS11

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/24/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: West of Spine Road and north of Gunpark Drive; east of office buildings

Description: Ephemeral salt flat recently constructed in office park for stormwater retention. Clayey soils retain moisture near surface.

Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial **Primary Water Source:** Urban / industrial runoff Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.5 Major plant communities present % of wetland area % Vegetated: 68 allkali grass 62 % Bare ground: 30 5 % Water: cattail 2 American three square 1 2 open water bare ground 30 **FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT** Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, $3 = \overline{\text{medium}}$, 2 = low, 1 = noConfidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 1 Clay soils likey to prohibit infiltration. Recharge Groundwater 1 С Discharge Flood Storage / Constructed to serve as stormwater retention basin for office park. Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 1 b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / Any sediments entering wetland will be trapped but limited source given relatively small drainage area. 3 Retention **Nutrient Retention** 3 accumulation in sediments b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 Cattails and herbaceous (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 С (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 Low productivity due to limited water supply (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 С **Diversity** Wildlife 2 а Habitat Active С Recreation Passive Rec / 2 а Heritage Value

Comments:

Well-vegetated with wetland species; no noxious weeds observed in wetland; small amounts of Canada thistle adjacent to (but not in) east side of wetland; no noxious weeds observed in wetland

Wetland #: 41008

Former #: 37

T R S: T1NR70WS11

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 8/16/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite General Location: East of commercial building and west of Gunpark Drive; east of Spike Road in Gunbarrel

Description: Alkili flat (in small shallow depression), wetland is heavily impacted by encroaching urbanization and vehicles.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban / industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 0.5

Major plant communities present
alkali sacaton% of wetland area
65% Vegetated:
% Bare ground:
565
% Water:30
% Water:

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Groundwater 2 clayey soils likely to prohibit infiltration. Recharge Groundwater 1 b Discharge Flood Storage / 2 No significant stormwater directed toward this location, but is a natural retention area for runoff b Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 1 b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 2 Sediments entering wetland with runoff will be trapped but limited source а Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 accumulation in sediments b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 2 herbaceous b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** 1 С (export) **Food Chain Support** 2 Low productivity due to limited water supply (within basin) Fish Habitat / Aquatic 1 С **Diversity** Wildlife 2 Commercial development of area limits access Habitat Active 1 С Recreation Passive Rec / 3 Heritage value in these alkili flat wetlands which are not common in Boulder Heritage Value

Comments: Depression with heavy clay soils that fills with water after storms

Wetland #: 41009

Former #: 12

T R S: T1NR70WS10

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

Diversity

Wildlife

Habitat

Active

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Date of Visit: 6/24/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Longbow Pond, located one block west of 63rd Street, immediately north of Longbow Dr., and immediately south of

Boulder- White Rocks Ditch

Description: Water in pond very turbid, perhaps due to large carp in pond stirring up bottom sediment; outflow pipe created a small cattail

wetland adjacent to Boulder - Whiterocks Ditch; very narrow band of wetland vegetation around pond margin.

Wetland Origin: Urban/ industrial Primary Water Source: Urban/ industrial runoff

Hydroperiod: Semi-permanently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

b

С

b

2

1

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated: 2
cattail	1	% Bare ground: 0
bulrush- cattail	1	% Water: 98
open water	98	

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low Groundwater 2 Depth to groundwater mapped at 5-10 feet below ground so possible but pond bottom substrate unknown. Recharge Groundwater 2 Minor local seepage possible b Discharge Flood Storage / 3 h receives stormwater (spillway for overflow on north side flows down into Boulder Whiterock ditch Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 some trees provide anchoring but low opportunity b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / Appears to serve as effective trap and sources present,:uncertain extent to which large flushing flows 4 b would Retention resuspend sediments for export. Sediments and trees **Nutrient Retention** 3 (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** 3 b (short-term) **Food Chain Support** b (export) **Food Chain Support** b (within basin)

Some connection to offiste habitat along ditchway but limited by surrounding roads an offices.

Comments: storm water detention pond in office park, also cattail wetland between pond and Boulder. White Rocks Ditch; also small areas of wetland south of Longbow Drive

Wetland Evaluation Wetland #: 41010

Former #: 36

T_R_S: T1NR70WS11

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne Date of Visit: 6/24/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: East of intersection of Nautilus Drive and Spine Road; west of Twin Lakes

Description: This a dense stand of cattails receiving ditch inflows from the west and urban runoff from the industrial park and roads.

Locally high groundwater from Twin Lakes seepage probably provides primary support for wetland hydrology.

Wetland Origin: Agriculture **Primary Water Source:** Ground water

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft):

Major plant communities present 100 % of wetland area % Vegetated: % Bare ground: 0 % Water: 0 cattail 100

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low							
Groundwater	2	b	Depth to regional groundwater is mapped at 5-10 ft below ground, indicating potential for groundwater				
recharge. Recharge loarm			However, local conditions limit effectiveness such as high ground water from Twin Lakes and sandy clay				
			soils.				
Groundwater Lakes Discharge	2	b	Locally and seasonally high water table may intersect bottom of basin. Also local seepage from Twin				
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	4	b	Stormwater runoff slows in broad flat basin.				
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	2	b	low opportunity given flat grade				
Sediment Trapping / Retention	4	b					
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b	in sediments				
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b	in cattails				
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b					
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b					
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С					
Wildlife Habitat	3	b					
Active Recreation	1	С					
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b	Some aesthetic benefits for office park and twin lakes visitors				

Comments: noxious weeds encroaching on wetland periphery

Wetland #: 41011

Former #: 34

Obs. Method: Onsite

T_R_S: T1NR70WS11

Investigator: J. Sanderson, C. Browne Date of Visit: 7/13/2004

General Location: Extensive wetland north of Twin Lakes; "Eaton Park"

Description: This is the largest palustrine wetland (13.8 acres) mapped within the city during the '04 remapping project. No source of surface water inflows observed. Water supply is seepage along the southern boundary from Twin Lakes. Low permeability soils likely to cause precipitation to remain on surface. Small outlet in northwest corner drains northward through concrete channel (unknown terminus). Access is from small park to the south.

Wetland Origin: Mining **Primary Water Source:** Ground water Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): Major plant communities present % of wetland area

Major plant communities presectatail roundfruit rush Baltic rush Phalaris arundinaceae American three square FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSE Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high	SSMEN 1, 3 = m	nediu	% of wetland area 50 45 3 1 1 1 Im, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	100 0 0
Groundwater Recharge	1	b			
Groundwater Discharge	5	С	The elevated groundwater is supported by seepage from Twin Lakes.Geologic Pierre shale nears ground surface here (extending in a west to east belt just groundwater discharge entering the wetland along this boundary.	c contact where upp north of Twin Lakes	per unit of s) with
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	2	b			
Shoreline Anchor. / Stabilization	1	b			
Sediment Trapping / Retention	2	b			
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	3	b			
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b			
Food Chain Support (export)	2	b	low outflow		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	1	С			
Wildlife Habitat	3	С			
Active Recreation	1	b			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	4	b	Large wetland with adjoining parks and residential areas		

Comments: Large sedge and Juncus meadows; very weedy. No standing water for pH and conductivity in main wetland, but in slough just west of Twin Lakes there was standing water with pH 7.3 and conductivity 317.

Wetland #: 41012

Former #: 47

T_R_S: T1NR70WS15

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 6/24/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Begins150 feet west of Orchard Creek Circle and flows east to Spine Road.

Description: This is a section of a lateral ditch from Boulder Whiterock Ditch in the west. Channel is narrow as it flows eastward through

greenspace in residential area. Bike path parallels wetland

Wetland Origin: Agriculture **Primary Water Source:** Ditch **Hydroperiod:** Intermittently flooded Max WaterDepth (ft): 2

Major plant communities present	% of wetland area	% Vegetated:	90
Joe Pye weed	10	% Bare ground:	5
crack willow-plains cottonwood/ mixed	75	% Water:	5
cattail	5		
open water	10		

FUNCTION	AND	VALUE	ASSESSMENT
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FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT					
Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = hig					
Groundwater of	2	b	Water table is mapped at 5-10 ft below ground surface so potential exisits to recharge though no evidence		
Recharge			losing stream conditions observed.		
Groundwater Discharge	2	b	Potential to receive groundwater discharge indicated byu gorundwater contours when water table is high.		
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Receives and transports local runoff water but little storage		
Shoreline Anchor. / places. Stabilization	2	b	Cottonwoods and russian olive provide some stabilization but bank erosion and sloughing evident in		
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b			
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	2	b	Trees and shrubs and some sediment accumulation along banks		
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	3	b	Herbaceous plants and grasses along riparian corrdor		
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	Leaf litter from overhanging trees,		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	3	b			
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	2	b	Abundant aquatic insects		
Wildlife Habitat	3	b	small mammals and songbirds		
Active Recreation	1	а			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	3	b			

Channel has downcut in the past and is now establishing a new floodplain surface in the bottom of the downcut channel. Wetland defined by bankfull channel

Active

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Wetland #: 41013

General Location: Boulder Reservoir is north of the city, near the northern city limits. It is west of 63rd, north of the Diagonal Highway.

Former #: 0 (in part)

T_R_S: T1NR70WS3

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 10/4/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

Description: All of this wetland is related to the presence of Boulder Reservoir. As delineated, this wetland excludes Coot Lakes and

slope wetland north and west of the Reservoir. The wetland includes the reservoir itself plus wetland along tirbutaries that

are mostly north and west of the reservoir. The wetland is approximately 700 acre area of which about 99% is open water and

unvegetated shore. Most significant wetland vegetation and habitat are located along western side of the reservoir.

Wetland Origin: Urban/industrial **Primary Water Source:** ditch Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded Max WaterDenth (ft)

Hydroperiod:	Permanently flooded		Max WaterDepth (ft): 10	
plains cottonwood Baltic rush cattail American three-s coyote willow		≣NT	% of wetland area 0.5 1 7 1 0.5	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:
	y high, 4 = high, 3 =		um, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = me	edium, a = low
Groundwater where Recharge	2	b	Groundwater recharge restricted by near surface bedrock, but water emerges in wetlands along 63rd St.	evidence of recharge visible downgradient
Groundwater water Discharge	2	b	Groundwater discharge and local seepage occur into Dry Cree regime is dominated by ditch inflows (and primary export is pro-	
Flood Storage / structures. Floodflow Alter		b	Large basin with significant capacity, unsure of extent that opposite the state of	portunity is limited by upstream control
Shoreline Anch than wind Stabilization	or. / 3	а	Northwest edge of resevoir shows signs of bank erosion (may and waves).	be exacerbated by human activity rather
Sediment Trapp Retention	oing / 4	С		
Nutrient Retenti (long-term)	ion 4	b		
Nutrient Retenti (short-term)	ion 4	b		
Food Chain Sur (export)	oport 3	b		
Food Chain Sur (within basin)	oport 3	b		
Fish Habitat / Ad Diversity	quatic 5	b		
Wildlife Habitat	4	b		

Comments: Among noxious weeds, Linaria vulgaris is also present, with less than 1 stem/100 m2.

С

С

5

FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT

Groundwater

Food Chain Support

Food Chain Support

Fish Habitat / Aquatic

(within basin)

(export)

Diversity

Wildlife

Habitat

Active

Recreation

Passive Rec /

Heritage Value

Ratings: 5 = very high, 4 = high, 3 = medium, 2 = low, 1 = no

2

2

2

2

b

С

b

С

b

Wetland #: 41014

Former #: 0 (in part)

T_R_S: T2NR70WS34

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 10/4/2004

Obs. Method: Onsite

Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low

General Location: Slope wetlands north and west of Boulder Reservoir, east of 51st street.

Description: These wetlands are not hydrologically supported by Boulder Reservoir. They are supported by ground water seeping from

hillsides below adjacent gentle uplands.

Wetland Origin: Natural Primary Water Source: groundwater

Hydroperiod: Saturated Max WaterDepth (ft): 0

Major plant communities present% of wetland area% Vegetated:100Baltic rush100% Bare ground:0% Water:0

Recharge Groundwater 3 b Discharge Flood Storage / 2 С Floodflow Alteration Shoreline Anchor. / 2 b Stabilization Sediment Trapping / 1 Little opportunity Retention **Nutrient Retention** 2 b (long-term) **Nutrient Retention** (short-term)

Comments: These wetlands are on the front lines of nutrient runoff from upgradient pastures but low productivity and water source limits

Comments:

Wetland #: 41015

Former #: 0 (in part)

T_R_S: T2NR70WS34

Investigator: A. Carpenter, C. Browne

Date of Visit: 10/4/2004 Obs. Method: Onsite

General Location: Coot Lake and the wetlands to the west are north of Boulder Reservoir, west of 63rd Street, about a mile north of the Diagonal Highway. Wetland Boundary Revision (9/5/2017, LUR2017-00057) for north east corner of Coot Lake,

boundary of wetland area moved west of pedestrian path.

Description: This wetland complex consists of a shallow lake and palustrine emergent wetlands to the west. The lake is constructed, and

the wetlands to the west were part of a mitigation effort.

Wetland Origin: Mining			Primary Water Source: groundwater		
Hydroperiod: Permanently flooded			Max WaterDepth (ft): 5		
Major plant communities cattail coyote willow/reed canar wooly sedge Baltic rush open water FUNCTION AND VALU Ratings: 5 = very high,	ygrass E ASSESSMEN		% of wetland area 25 8 1 65 Im, 2 = low, 1 = no Confidence in rating: c = high, b = medium, a = low	% Vegetated: % Bare ground: % Water:	35 0 65
Groundwater	2	b	Depth to water table meap indicates 5-10 ft bgs, but effectiveness of recharge	on downgradient s	ide
(southeast) Recharge			likely to be restricted by impermeable subsurface materials.		
Groundwater	3	b	Gorundwater contour map indicates discharge likely at northwest corner. No o	bvious inlet or othe	er water
source, Discharge			but indirect water from numerous ditches to northwest suspected to supplement	ent.	
Flood Storage / Floodflow Alteration	3	b	Local precipitation (no obvious surface water inflow)		
Shoreline Anchor. / 1999). Stabilization	4	b	Restoration project recently conducted ito mitigate loss of 10ft of shoreline from	m wind and waves	(in 1989-
Sediment Trapping / Retention	3	b	Source from unvegetated banksand erosional forces of wind and waves.		
Nutrient Retention (long-term)	4	b			
Nutrient Retention (short-term)	4	b			
Food Chain Support (export)	3	b	most production expected to store in basin in nw cattail marsh		
Food Chain Support (within basin)	4	b	Highly productive in nw section relatively narrow to non-existant fringe around	lake	
Fish Habitat / Aquatic Diversity	5	b	minnows, crayfish, bass?		
Wildlife Habitat	5	b			
Active Recreation	5	b			
Passive Rec / Heritage Value	5	С			
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