# ArcGIS Urban Configuration Methodology (DRAFT) 

## I. ArcGIS Urban Introduction and Purpose

ESRl's ArcGIS Urban is a planning and modeling program with an interactive 3D basemap that has allowed the City of Boulder to evaluate the performance of potential land use changes. General information regarding ArcGIS Urban is available at Create Smart Cities and Communities with ArcGIS Urban. The City of Boulder staff has utilized the ArcGIS Urban Land Use Plan Module as a pilot tool for scenario planning on the East Boulder Subcommunity Plan project.

The platform, when coupled with reliable data, can project and measure future land use alternatives. ArcGIS Urban measures the performance of the changes as "capacity indicators" representing population, jobs, households, energy use, trips, carbon emissions, and water usage. As with any projection or scenario modeling tool, the results of the potential land use changes are estimates.

## II. ArcGIS Urban Configuration Methodology

While the ArcGIS comes with a default configuration loaded, the settings were not representative of the City's development code. In order to utilize the ArcGIS Urban platform to create scenarios and projections it was configured to be a close representation of the City's current land use conditions and regulations.

The configuration utilizes two types of data. The first type of data is the City's current geospatial (GIS) data which exists in the City's Open Data Catalogue. The following is a list of GIS data uploaded into the model:

1. Parcels
2. 3D buildings
3. City limits
4. East Boulder Subcommunity Plan Boundary
5. Railroad
6. Streets
7. Height Exemption Areas
8. Building footprints
9. Zoning
10. Land use
11. Park site boundaries
12. Lakes \& reservoirs
13. Effective floodplains
14. OSMP properties

The second type of data came from research of various sources and was input into the "Types" categories. The types configured for the East Boulder Subcommunity Plan land
use plan module were "space use", "land use", and "buildings". ArcGIS Urban allows for the creation of the existing or current types in the permanent configuration of the application along with allowing temporary, proposed types for exploration in the plan editor module. The configuration examples in the following pages do not include any temporary or proposed types as they are flexible and may be temporary in nature based on the needs of the plan development.

## Space Use Types

The space use is an activity allowed within a given area. 24 space uses were created from the Boulder Revised Code (BRC), Title 9 Land Use Code, Chapter 6 Use Standards. Spaces uses are the one type within the ArcGIS Urban Model that all the other types are built upon. To create a manageable ArcGIS Urban model and due to the numerous, highly differentiated uses in the BRC, the space uses created were representative examples of the overarching use categories. For example, residential spaces use (RES_) were condensed into 7 residential categories from 25 listed in the BRC Use Standards.

The following is a list of all the space use types created for the ArcGIS Urban Model:
A. RES_Single Family Detached
B. RES_Single Family Attached
C. RES_Multi-Family
D. RES_Group Quarters
E. RES_Live-work
F. RES_Mobile Home Parks
G. RES_Accessory Dwelling Units
H. RES_Efficiency Units
I. DE_Dining
J. DE_Entertainment
K. Lodging
L. Public and Institutional
M. OMF_Professional and Technical Offices
N. OMF_Medical Offices
O. OMF_Financial Offices
P. Park, Recreation and Leisure
Q. CRI_Services
R. CRI_Retail Sales
S. CRI_Vehicle Related Retail and Services
T. CRI_Industrial Light
U. CRI_Industrial Heavy
V. Agriculture and Natural Resources
W. Accessory
X. Parking

Space use types were then populated with additional data and information. The ArcGIS Urban configuration utilizes numerical information in first and second order coefficients to generate results on the capacity indicators.

The first order coefficients included area per household in square feet (sqft) for residential spaces uses which calculated the number of dwelling units by type,
area per person (sqft) within each residential household to calculate population based on the overall residential land use changes, and area per person (sqft) per job within commercial space uses to calculate jobs by type (Table 1).

Second order coefficients populated in each space use included required parking, daily trips, energy use, carbon emissions, internal water use, external water use, waste water and solid waste generation (Table 2 -

Table 3)

| ArcGIS Urban Space Use Type Configuration 1st \& 2nd Order Coefficients Tabular Data |  | Population Statistics ${ }^{1}$ <br> residentiol uses <br> Persons/household |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Space Use | Notes: |  |
| 1 RES_Single Family Detached | Typical single-Family Detached Homes | 2.26 |
| 2 RES_Single Family Attached | Townhomes, Duplex, Triplex and Other attached Single-Family with dedicated private garages | 2.26 |
| 3 RES Multi-family | Mean Apt 2-4, Apt +5 | 2.26 |
| 4 RES_Group Quarters | Mean nursing home, assisted living, dorm | 2.26 |
| 5 REs_Live-work | Use SFA other non-res use less than 25\% | 2.26 |
| 6 Res Mobile Home Parks |  | 2.26 |
| 7 RES Accessory Dwelling Units | SFD | 2.26 |
| 8 Res_Efficiency Units | Buildings consisting of $5+$ Units | 2.26 |
| 9 DE_Dining | Mean resturant, fast food \& other food service |  |
| 10 DE Entertainment |  |  |
| 11 Lodging | Hotel |  |
| 12 Public and Institutional | Mean Library, Public Assembly, Colleges, schools, Daycares, other public office/safety |  |
| 13 OMF_Professional and Technical Offices | Mean Admin/prof office, govt office, MU office, other office |  |
| 14 OMF_Medical Offices | Mean non-diag and diag, clinic, hosp |  |
| 15 OMF F Financial Offices |  |  |
| 16 Park, Recreation and Leisure |  |  |
| 17 CRI_Services | Mean strip mall, other service, other reail, other outpatient health |  |
| 18 CRI_Retail Sales | Mean retail, other retail, strip shopping, enclosed mall, convenience stores, grocery, other food sales |  |
| 19 CRI_Vehicle Related Retail and Services | Mean vehicle dealership, service, storage |  |
| 20 CRI_Industrial Light | Mean refridge/non refridge warehouse, dist ctr, lab, other office |  |
| 21 CRI_Industrial Heavy | Mean refridge/non refridge warehouse, dist ctr, lab, other office |  |
| 22 Agriculture and Natural Resources | Utilize non-refridge warehouse similar to non-conditioned storage |  |
| 23 Accessory |  |  |
| 24 Parking |  |  |







12 Assumes residential wastenater is equivilent on internal water use
${ }_{12} 14$ wastewater is assumed to be the equivilent of tinternal wate use
15 colorado

## Land Use Types

Staff reviewed the Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan (BVCP) for descriptions and general intent of use and intensity for each land use. All 25 land use categories were created as land use types within the ArcGIS Urban model. When configuring the land use types in ArcGIS, the platform required populating the allowed spaces uses into a given land use to measure the possible development impacts as capacity.

While the BVCP is not prescriptive in assigning specific use and intensity thresholds there was a correlation between land use category descriptions and the subsequent zoning district characteristics (Table 4). The zoning districts within the BRC provided prescriptive information regarding "Form and Bulk", "Intensity" and "Use" standards that helped to populate Land Use types configuration in sufficient detail to allow the ArcGIS Urban platform to utilize the capacity indicators. For the purposes of the ArcGIS Urban modeling, the following zoning districts were assigned to the land use categories:

Table 4 Land Use to Zoning District Association

| Residential Categories |  | Abbreviation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Land Use Category | ArcG/S Urban Associated Zoning District |  |
| Very Low Density Residential | VLR | RR-1 <br> RR-2 |
| Low Density Residential |  | RE, |
|  |  | RL-1 |
|  |  | RL-2 |
| Manufactured Housing | MH | MH |
| Medium Density Residential | MR | RM-1 RM-2 |
| MM-3 |  |  |
| Miged Density Residential | MXR | RMX-1 RMX-2 |
|  | HR | RH-1 |
|  |  | RH-2 |
|  |  | RH-3 |
|  |  | RH-4 |
|  |  | RH-5 |
|  |  | RH-6 |
| RH-7 |  |  |


| Mixed Use Categories |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land Use Category | Abbreviation | ArcGIS Urban Associated Zoning District |
| Mixed Use Business | MUB | BMS <br> MU-1 <br> MU-2 <br> MU-3 MU-4 |
| Mixed Use Industrial | MUI | IMS |
| Mixed Use Residential | MUR | MU-1 <br> MU-2 <br> MU-3 <br> MU-4 |
| Industrial Categories |  |  |
| Land Use Category | Abbreviation | ArcGIS Urban Associated Zoning District |
| Community Industrial |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{IS}-1 \\ & \mathrm{IS}-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| General Industrial | GI | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IM, } \\ & \text { IG } \end{aligned}$ |
| Light Industrial | LI | IG |
| Business Categories |  |  |
| Land Use Category | Abbreviation | ArcGIS Urban Associated Zoning District |
| Community Business | CB | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{BC}-1, \\ & \mathrm{BC}-2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| General Business | GB | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{BC}-1, \\ & \mathrm{BC}-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Transitional Business | TB | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{BT}-1, \\ & \mathrm{BT}-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Regional Business | RB | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BR-1 } \\ & \text { BR-2 } \\ & \mathrm{DT}-1 \\ & \mathrm{DT}-2 \\ & \mathrm{DT}-3 \\ & \mathrm{DT}-4 \\ & \mathrm{DT}-5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Service Commercial | SC | BCS |


| Open Space Categories |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Land Use Category | Abbreviation | ArcGIS Urban Associated Zoning District |
| Open Space, Acquired | OS-A | A <br> P |
| Open Space, Development Rights | OS-DR | A |
|  |  | P |
| Open Space, Other | OS-O | n/a |
| Other Categories |  |  |
| Land Use Category | Abbreviation | ArcGIS Urban Associated Zoning District |
| Agricultural | AG | A |
| Park, Urban and Other | PK-U/O | P |
| Public | PUB | P |
| Environmental Preservation | EP | n/a |
| Natural Ecosystems Overlay | NEO | n/a |

Table 5 summarizes the 8 configuration inputs required for the Land Use types.
The land use types were configured for the East Boulder Subcommunity Plan to include definition regarding the target percentage of each use within the land use. Considering ArcGIS Urban does not allow for uses to be categorized by limited, conditional or use review, all uses under these categories were categorized allowed for the modeling purposes. The rationale was the limited, conditional, and use review uses were not expressly prohibited. If ESRI updates the ArcGIS Urban application to accommodate a more nuance classification of the allowed uses staff will review and revise the land use configuration accordingly.

In additional to allowed uses, maximum lot coverage was estimated. Currently, the zoning districts do not define maximum lot coverage. Lot coverage was defined in combination with land use efficiency or net area factor, as these two inputs provided a rough estimate of the space needed for circulation and general open space. This set aside a portion of the overall land. The maximum dwelling units per acre (DU/ac) and maximum floor area ratio (FAR) thresholds represented the ceiling of the density scale from the associated zoning districts. Lastly, the maximum height settings represented the by-right height limit and the maximum floors. Any exception to the by-right height limit was programmed into ArcGIS Urban according the Appendix J map and allowed for building height maximums up to 55'.

Table 5 Land Use Type Configuration Summary Table

| Land Use | Description | Allowed Space UseTypes and Target Distribution | Maximum Lot Coverage | Maximum FAR | Maximum Height in feet | Max Dwelling Units per acre | Maximum Floors | Land Use Efficiency net area factor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AG | AGRICULTURAL | AG 80\%; PUB 15\%; RES_SFD 5\% | 10\% | 0 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| CB | COMMUNITY BUSINESS | DE_ENT 15\%; DE_DIN 15\%; OMF_FIN 7\%; OMF_MED 7\%; OMF_PRO 6\%; CRI SVCS 15\%; CRI_RET 20\%; CRI_VEH 15\% | 80\% | 1 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| Cl | COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL | OMF_PRO 20\%; CRI_INDL 60\%; CRI_INDH 20\% | 80\% | 0.5 | 40 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| EP | ENVIRONMENTAL PRESERVATION | N/A |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 70\% |
| GB | GENERAL BUSINESS | DE_DIN 5\%; DIN_ENT 5\%; OMF_FIN 10\%; OMF_MED 10\%; OMF_PRO 10\%; CRI_RET 10\%; CRI_SVCS $10 \%$, CRI_VEH 10\%; LOD 5\%; PKG 25\% | 80\% | 2.5 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| GI | GENERAL INDUSTRIAL | OMF_PRO 20\%; CRI_INDI 20\%; CRI_INDH 60\% | 80\% | 0.5 | 40 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| HR | HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFA 20\%; RES_MF 40\%; RES_GQ 5\%; RES_EFF 10\%; PKG 25\% | 80\% |  | 35 | 80 | 3 | 70\% |
| LI | LIGHT INDUSTRIAL | CRI_INDI 60\%;'; CRI_INDH 20\%; OMF_PRO 20\% | 80\% | 0.5 | 40 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| LR | LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFD 90\%; RES_ADU 10\% | 25\% |  | 35 | 7 | 3 | 70\% |
| MH | MANUFACTURED HOME | RES_MH 100\% | 50\% |  | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| MR | MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFA 45\%; RES_MF 45\%; RES_ADU 10\% | 80\% |  | 38 | 25 | 3 | 70\% |
| MUB | MIXED-USE BUSINESS | RES_MF 35\%; DE_DIN 75\%; DE_ENT 75\%; LOD 5\%; OMF_FIN $3 \%$; OMF_MED 3\%; OMF_PRO 4\%; CRI_RET 5\%, CRI_SVCS $5 \%$, PKG $25 \%$ | 80\% | 2 | 38 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| MUI | MIXED-USE INDUSTRIAL | OMF_PRO 20\%; CRI_INDI 50\%; RES_MF 20\%; RES_LW 10\% | 80\% | 0.5 | 40 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| MUR | MIXED-USE RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFA 20\%; RES_MF 30\%; DE_DIN 7.5\%; DE_ENT 7.5\%; CRI RET $5 \%$; CRI SVCS 5\%; PKG $25 \%$ | 80\% | 2 | 38 | 80 | 3 | 85\% |
| MXR | MIXED DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFA 75\%; RES_MF 20\%; RES_GQ 5\% | 80\% |  | 35 | 20 | 3 | 70\% |
| NSO | NATURAL SYSTEMS OVERLAY |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0\% |
| OS-A | OPEN SPACE - AQUIRED | PR 20\%; AG 70\%; PUB 10\% | 10\% |  | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| OS-DR | OPEN SPACE - DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS | PR 20\%; AG 70\%; PUB 10\% | 10\% | 0 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| OS-O | OPEN SPACE - OTHER | AG 70\%; PR 20\%; PUB 10\% | 10\% | 0 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| PK-U/O | PARK, URBAN AND OTHER | PUB 20\%; PR 80\% | 10\% | 0 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| PUB | PUBLIC/SEMI-PUBLIC | PUB 100\% |  | 0.5 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| RB | REGIONAL BUSINESS | RES_SFA 50\%; RES_MF 20\%; DE_DIN 10\%; DE_ENT 10\%; LOD $5 \%$; OMF_FIN 3\%; OMF_MED 3\%; OMF_PRO 4\%; CRI_RET 5\%; CRI_SVCS 5\%; CRI_VEH 5\%; PKG 25\% | 80\% | 2.5 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| SC | SERVICE COMMERCIAL | OMF_FIN 10\%; OMF_MED 15\%; OMF_PRO 15\%; CRI_RET 20\%; CRI_SVCS 20\%; CRI_VEH $20 \%$ | 80\% | 0.5 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| TB | TRANSITIONAL BUSINESS | RES_SFA 5\%; RES_MF 20\%; OMF_FIN 17\%; OMF_MED 17\%; OMF PRO 16\%: CRI RET 12.5\%; CRI SVCS $12.5 \%$ | 80\% | 0.5 | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |
| VLR | VERY LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL | RES_SFD 90\%; RES ADU $10 \%$ | 25\% |  | 35 |  | 3 | 70\% |

## Building Types

Configuration of the building types included inputting spatial organization details by building floor and the associated space use (Figure 1). The buildings types were created to include a mix of the 69 space use types, e.g. Single-Family Res 2 Story (Low Density), Mid-Rise Mixed-Use Residential with Multifamily and Efficiency Units over Retail, and Industrial Warehouse (Table 6-Table 7). ArcGIS Urban allowed for new building types to be proposed on an as-needed basis. Possible proposed building types could include identifying affordable housing or affordable commercial uses.

Building Type: Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Retail (existing)

Name
Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Retail
Type
Building Dwelling Units
Building Parts Configuration
Space Use Type
CRI_Retail Sales

Number of Floors (exact)

Building Type: Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Retail (existing)

Name
Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Retail

Type
Building Dwelling Units
Building Parts Configuration


Figure 1 Building Type Spatial Organization by Floor and Space Use

|  | BuildingTypeName | Above Grade Building Parts | Substructure Building Parts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Cultural | DE_ENT, maximum floors 5 |  |
| 2 | Industrial Facility - Heavy Manufacturing | CRI_INDH, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 3 | Industrial Flex + Tech | OMF_PRO, maximum floors 5 |  |
| 4 | Industrial Warehouse | CRI_INDI, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 5 | Low-Rise Hotel | LOD, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 6 | Low-Rise Prof/Tech Office | OMF_PRO, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 7 | Low-Rise MU Prof Tech Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1;OMF_PRO, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 8 | Low-Rise Multifamily Residential | RES_MF, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 9 | Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 10 | Main Street Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 11 | Main Street Retail w/ Prof/Tech Office | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_PRO, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 12 | Main Street Retail w/ MF Residential | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 13 | Medical Facility | OMF_MED, maximum floors 5 |  |
| 14 | Mid-Rise Hotel | LOD, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 15 | Mid-Rise Hotel w/ Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; LOD, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 16 | Mid-Rise Prof/Tech Office | OMF_PRO, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 17 | Mid-Rise MU Prof/Tech Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_PRO, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 18 | Mid-Rise Multifamily Residential | RES_MF, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 19 | Mid-Rise MU Res over Prof Services | CRI_SVCS, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 20 | Mid-Rise MU Residential MF and Eff Units w/ Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2; RES_EFF, maximum floors 2 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 21 | Surface Parking Lot | PKG, maximum floors 0 |  |
| 22 | Parking Structure 3 Story | PKG, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 23 | Parking Structure 4-5 Story | PKG, maximum floors 5 |  |
| 24 | Neighborhood Strip Mall 1 Story | CRI_SVCS, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 25 | Neighborhood Strip Mall 2 Story | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; CRI_SVCS2, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 26 | School 1 Story | PUB, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 27 | School 2-3 Story | PUB, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 28 | Main Street Retail w/ Med Office | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_MED, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 29 | Main Street Retail w/ Financial Office | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_FIN, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 30 | Low-Rise Med Office | OMF_MED, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 31 | Low-Rise Financial Office | OMF_FIN, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 32 | Big Box Retailer | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 33 | Big Box Retailer Auto Related | CRI_VEH, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 34 | Mid-Rise Hotel w/ Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; LOD, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 35 | Mid-Rise Med Office | OMF_MED, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |


|  | BuildingTypeName | Above Grade Building Parts | Substructure Building Parts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | Mid-Rise MU Med Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_MED, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 37 | Mid-Rise Financial Office | OMF_FIN, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 38 | Mid-Rise MU Financial Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_FIN, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 39 | Mid-Rise Public Office | PUB, maximum floors 5 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 40 | Mid-Rise MU Public Office w/ Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; PUB, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 41 | Main Street Retail w/ Public Office | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; PUB, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 42 | Mid-Rise MU Financial Office over Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; OMF_FIN, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 43 | Mid-Rise MU Financial Office over Entertainment | DE_ENT, maximum floors 1; OMF_FIN, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 44 | Main Street Retail w/ Prof Services | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; CRI_SVCS, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 45 | Mid-Rise MU Public Office over Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; PUB, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 46 | Low-Rise MU Public Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; PUB, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 47 | Mid-Rise Hotel w/ Entertainment | DE_ENT, maximum floors 1; LOD, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 48 | Mid-Rise MU Public Office over Entertainment | DE_ENT, maximum floors 1; PUB, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 49 | Single Family Res - 2 Story (Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 50 | Single Family Res - 1 Story (Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 51 | Single Family Res - 3 Story (Medium Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 52 | Livework | RES_LW, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 53 | Single Family Res - 1 Story (Medium Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 54 | Single Family Res - 2 Story (Very Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 55 | Single Family Res - 1 Story (Very Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 56 | Single Family Res - 2 Story (Medium Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 57 | Single Family Res - 3 Story (Very Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 58 | Town/Row Houses | RES_SFA, maximum floors 3 |  |
| 59 | Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 60 | Low-Rise MU Med Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1,OMF_MED, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 61 | Mid-Rise MU Residential w/ Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 62 | Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Light Industrial | CRI_INDI, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 63 | Low-Rise Multifamily \& Efficiency Residential | RES_MF, maximum floors 2; RES_EFF, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 64 | Low-Rise MU MF Residential over Prof/Tech Office | OMF_PRO, maximum floors 1; RES_MF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 65 | Main Street Retail w/ Efficiency Units | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; RES_EFF, maximum floors 2 |  |
| 66 | Manufactured/Mobile Homes | RES_MH1, maximum floors 1 |  |
| 67 | Mid-Rise MU Med Office over Dining | DE_DIN, maximum floors 1; OMF_MED, maximum floors 4 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 68 | Mid-Rise MU Fin \& Prof/Tech Office over Retail | CRI_RET, maximum floors 1; OMF_FIN, maximum floors 2; OMF_PRO, maximum floors 2 | PKG, maximum floors 1 |
| 69 | Single Family Res - 3 Story (Low Density) | RES_SFD, maximum floors 3 |  |

